## Useful Conversion Factors

## Length:

$1 \mathrm{~mm}=0.1 \mathrm{~cm}=0.001 \mathrm{~m}$
$1 \mathrm{~cm}=0.394 \mathrm{in}=0.01 \mathrm{~m}$
$1 \mathrm{~m}=100 \mathrm{~cm}=1000 \mathrm{~mm}=3.28 \mathrm{ft}=39.4 \mathrm{in}$
1 Kilometer $=1000 \mathrm{~m}=0.622$ miles
$1 \mathrm{in}=2.54 \mathrm{~cm}=0.0254 \mathrm{~m}$
$1 \mathrm{ft}=12 \mathrm{in}=30.48 \mathrm{~cm}=0.3048 \mathrm{~m}$
1 mile $=5280 \mathrm{ft}=1609 \mathrm{~m}=1.609$ kilometers
1 yard $=3 \mathrm{ft}$

## Mass/Weight:

1 gram $=0.001 \mathrm{Kg}$
$1 \mathrm{Kg}=1000$ grams $=2.2 \mathrm{lbs}=9.8$ Newtons*
1 slug = $32 \mathrm{lbs}=14.6 \mathrm{Kg}$
$1 \mathrm{oz}=0.0625 \mathrm{lbs}$
$1 \mathrm{lb}=0.455 \mathrm{Kg} .=16 \mathrm{ozs}$

## Time:

$1 \mathrm{sec}=0.0167 \mathrm{~min}=0.000278 \mathrm{hr}$
$1 \mathrm{~min}=60 \mathrm{sec}=0.0167 \mathrm{hr}$
$1 \mathrm{hr}=60 \mathrm{~min}=3600 \mathrm{~s}$
1 day $=24 \mathrm{hrs}=1440 \mathrm{~min}=86,400 \mathrm{~s}$
1 year $=365$ days $=8760 \mathrm{hrs}=526,000 \mathrm{~min}=31,600,000 \mathrm{~s}$
*(Near the earth's surface we can specify these relationships but we should remember that weight is due to the pull of gravity on the masses involved and is really a force.)

## Volume:

$1 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{cm}=0.155 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{in}=0.0001 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{m}$.
$1 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{m}=10,000 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{cm}=5.20 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{ft}$
1 sq Kilometer $=1,000,000$ sq $m=0.387$ sq miles

## Velocity:

| $1 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{hr}$ | $1.47 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{sec}=1.609 \mathrm{Km} / \mathrm{hr}=0.447 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $60 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{hr}$ | $88 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| $1 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{sec}$ | $0.682 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{hr}=0.305 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ |

## Pressure:

| 1 atm | $=14.7 \mathrm{lb} / \mathrm{in}^{2}$ |
| ---: | :--- |
|  | $=1.013 \times 10^{5} \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ |
|  | $=1.013 \times 10^{6}$ dyne $/ \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ |
|  | $=30 \mathrm{in} \mathrm{Hg}$ |
|  | $=76 \mathrm{~cm} \mathrm{Hg}$ |
| 1 bar | $=106 \mathrm{dyne} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ |
| 1 millibar | $=103 \mathrm{dyne} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ |
| $1 \mathrm{lb} / \mathrm{in}^{2}$ | $=2.04 \mathrm{in} \mathrm{Hg}$ |
| 1 in Hg | $=0.490 \mathrm{lb} / \mathrm{in}^{2}$ |

Example: convert 152 meters in centimeters.

this is the answer obtained by canceling the meter units - leaving centimeters - which was your target unit

## Practice Questions:

Before answering the questions you may want to consider the example on the previous page

1. How long is a page of your writing paper (take regular letter sheet) in meters?
2. Convert the following length into meters.
a. $280 \mathrm{~cm}=\ldots \mathrm{m}$
b. $56100 \mathrm{~mm}=\square \mathrm{m}$
c. $3.7 \mathrm{~km}=$ $\qquad$ m
3. How long is a football field in meters? (A football field is 100 yards long.)
4. Which is greater: 45 miles or 63 km ?
5. What is the height in meters of a $5^{\prime} 3$ " person?
6. What is the mass of a 120 lb . person in grams?
7. How many milligrams are there in 11 grams?
8. How many seconds are in one hour?
9. How many seconds are in 2 days?
