

Answers and Hints to Selected Problems

CHAPTER 1

Section 1.1

1. **A** is 4×5 , **B** is 3×3 , **C** is 3×4 ,
D is 4×4 , **E** is 2×3 , **F** is 5×1 ,
G is 4×2 , **H** is 2×2 , **J** is 1×3 .

2. $a_{13} = -2$, $a_{21} = 2$,
 $b_{13} = 3$, $b_{21} = 0$,
 $c_{13} = 3$, $c_{21} = 5$,
 $d_{13} = t^2$, $d_{21} = t - 2$,
 $e_{13} = \frac{1}{4}$, $e_{21} = \frac{2}{3}$,
 f_{13} = does not exist, $f_{21} = 5$,
 g_{13} = does not exist, $g_{21} = 2\pi$,
 h_{13} = does not exist, $h_{21} = 0$,
 $j_{13} = -30$, j_{21} does not exist.

3. $a_{23} = -6$, $a_{32} = 3$, $b_{31} = 4$,
 $b_{32} = 3$, $c_{11} = 1$, $d = 22t^4$, $e_{13} = \frac{1}{4}$,
 $g_{22} = 18$, g_{23} and h_{32} do not exist.

4. $\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

5. $\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{3} \\ 2 & 1 & \frac{2}{3} \\ 3 & \frac{3}{2} & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

6. $\mathbf{B} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & -2 \\ -1 & -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$.

7. $\mathbf{C} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$.

8. $\mathbf{D} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & -2 & -3 \\ 3 & 0 & -1 & -2 \\ 4 & 5 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$.

9. (a) $[9 \ 15]$, (b) $[12 \ 0]$, (c) $[13 \ 30]$, (d) $[21 \ 15]$.

10. (a) $[7 \ 4 \ 1776]$, (b) $[12 \ 7 \ 1941]$, (c) $[4 \ 23 \ 1809]$,
(d) $[10 \ 31 \ 1688]$.

11. $[950 \ 1253 \ 98]$. 12. $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 5 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 2 & 9 & 5 \\ 4 & 2 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$. 13. $\begin{bmatrix} 72 & 12 & 16 \\ 45 & 32 & 16 \\ 81 & 10 & 35 \end{bmatrix}$.

14. $\begin{bmatrix} 100 & 150 & 50 & 500 \\ 27 & 45 & 116 & 2 \\ 29 & 41 & 116 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$.

15. (a) $\begin{bmatrix} 1000 & 2000 & 3000 \\ 0.07 & 0.075 & 0.0725 \end{bmatrix}$. (b) $\begin{bmatrix} 1070.00 & 2150.00 & 3217.50 \\ 0.075 & 0.08 & 0.0775 \end{bmatrix}$.

16. $\begin{bmatrix} 0.95 & 0.05 \\ 0.01 & 0.99 \end{bmatrix}$. 17. $\begin{bmatrix} 0.6 & 0.4 \\ 0.7 & 0.3 \end{bmatrix}$. 18. $\begin{bmatrix} 0.10 & 0.50 & 0.40 \\ 0.20 & 0.60 & 0.20 \\ 0.25 & 0.65 & 0.10 \end{bmatrix}$.

19. $\begin{bmatrix} 0.80 & 0.15 & 0.05 \\ 0.10 & 0.88 & 0.02 \\ 0.25 & 0.30 & 0.45 \end{bmatrix}$.

Section 1.2

1. $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 6 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$. 2. $\begin{bmatrix} -5 & -10 \\ -15 & -20 \end{bmatrix}$. 3. $\begin{bmatrix} 9 & 3 \\ -3 & 6 \\ 9 & -6 \\ 6 & 18 \end{bmatrix}$. 4. $\begin{bmatrix} -20 & 20 \\ 0 & -20 \\ 50 & -30 \\ 50 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$.

5. $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ -2 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$. 6. $\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 8 \\ 10 & 12 \end{bmatrix}$. 7. $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ 6 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$. 8. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ -1 & 0 \\ 8 & -5 \\ 7 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$.

9. $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ -2 & 2 \\ 3 & -2 \\ 4 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$. 10. Does not exist. 11. $\begin{bmatrix} -4 & -4 \\ -4 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$. 12. $\begin{bmatrix} -2 & -2 \\ 0 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$.

13. $\begin{bmatrix} 5 & -1 \\ -1 & 4 \\ -2 & 1 \\ -3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$. 14. $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \\ 3 & -2 \\ 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$. 15. $\begin{bmatrix} 17 & 22 \\ 27 & 32 \end{bmatrix}$. 16. $\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 6 \\ 3 & 18 \end{bmatrix}$.

$$17. \begin{bmatrix} -0.1 & 0.2 \\ 0.9 & -0.2 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 18. \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -3 \\ -1 & 4 \\ -10 & 6 \\ -8 & 0 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 19. \mathbf{X} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 4 \\ 4 & 4 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$20. \mathbf{Y} = \begin{bmatrix} -11 & -12 \\ -11 & -19 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 21. \mathbf{X} = \begin{bmatrix} 11 & 1 \\ -3 & 8 \\ 4 & -3 \\ 1 & 17 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 22. \mathbf{Y} = \begin{bmatrix} -1.0 & 0.5 \\ 0.5 & -1.0 \\ 2.5 & -1.5 \\ 1.5 & -0.5 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$23. \mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} -2.8 & -1.6 \\ 3.6 & -9.2 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 24. \mathbf{S} = \begin{bmatrix} -1.5 & 1.0 \\ -1.0 & -1.0 \\ -1.5 & 1.0 \\ 2.0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 25. \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 8 \\ 13 & 9 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$27. \begin{bmatrix} -\theta^3 + 6\theta^2 + \theta & 6\theta - 6 \\ 21 & -\theta^4 - 2\theta^2 - \theta + 6/\theta \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$32. (a) [200 \ 150], \quad (b) [600 \ 450], \quad (c) [550 \ 550].$$

$$33. (b) [11 \ 2 \ 6 \ 3], \quad (c) [9 \ 4 \ 10 \ 8].$$

$$34. (b) [10,500 \ 6,000 \ 4,500], \quad (c) [35,500 \ 14,500 \ 3,300].$$

Section 1.3

1. (a) 2×2 , (b) 4×4 , (c) 2×1 , (d) Not defined, (e) 4×2 ,
 (f) 2×4 , (g) 4×2 , (h) Not defined, (i) Not defined,
 (j) 1×4 , (k) 4×4 , (l) 4×2 .

$$2. \begin{bmatrix} 19 & 22 \\ 43 & 50 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 3. \begin{bmatrix} 23 & 34 \\ 31 & 46 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 4. \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -4 & 3 \\ 9 & -8 & 7 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$5. \mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 13 & -12 & 11 \\ 17 & -16 & 15 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 6. \text{Not defined.} \quad 7. [-5 \ -6].$$

$$8. [-9 \ -10]. \quad 9. [-7 \ 4 \ -1]. \quad 10. \text{Not defined.}$$

$$11. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 \\ 7 & -3 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 12. \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 & 2 \\ 7 & -4 & 1 \\ -8 & 4 & 0 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 13. [1 \ 3].$$

$$14. \text{Not defined.} \quad 15. \text{Not defined.} \quad 16. \text{Not defined.}$$

$$17. \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -2 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & -3 \\ 1 & 3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 18. \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 & 1 \\ -2 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 19. [-1 \ 1 \ 5].$$

$$22. \begin{bmatrix} x + 2y \\ 3x + 4y \end{bmatrix}, \quad 23. \begin{bmatrix} x - z \\ 3x + y + z \\ x + 3y \end{bmatrix}, \quad 24. \begin{bmatrix} a_{11}x + a_{12}y \\ a_{21}x + a_{22}y \end{bmatrix},$$

$$25. \begin{bmatrix} 2b_{11} - b_{12} + 3b_{13} \\ 2b_{21} - b_{22} + 3b_{23} \end{bmatrix}, \quad 26. \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad 27. \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 40 \\ -16 & 8 \end{bmatrix},$$

$$28. \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad 29. \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 5 \\ 11 & 10 \end{bmatrix}, \quad 32. \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 4 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 11 \end{bmatrix},$$

$$33. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad 34. \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 3 & 2 & 4 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ w \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 0 \\ -3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}.$$

35. (a) $\mathbf{PN} = [38,000]$, which represents the total revenue for that flight.

$$(b) \mathbf{NP} = \begin{bmatrix} 26,000 & 45,5000 & 65,000 \\ 4,000 & 7,000 & 10,000 \\ 2,000 & 3,500 & 5,000 \end{bmatrix},$$

which has no physical significance.

36. (a) $\mathbf{HP} = [9,625 \quad 9,762.50 \quad 9,887.50 \quad 10,100 \quad 9,887.50]$, which represents the portfolio value each day.

(b) \mathbf{PH} does not exist.

37. $\mathbf{TW} = [14.00 \quad 65.625 \quad 66.50]^T$, which denotes the cost of producing each product.

38. $\mathbf{OTW} = [33,862.50]$, which denotes the cost of producing all items on order.

$$39. \mathbf{FC} = \begin{bmatrix} 613 & 625 \\ 887 & 960 \\ 1870 & 1915 \end{bmatrix},$$

which represents the number of each sex in each state of sickness.

Section 1.4

$$1. \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 4 & -1 \\ 6 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 & -6 \end{bmatrix}, \quad 2. \begin{bmatrix} t^3 + 3t & 2t^2 + 3 & 3 \\ 2t^3 + t^2 & 4t^2 + t & t \\ t^4 + t^2 + t & 2t^3 + t + 1 & t + 1 \\ t^5 & 2t^4 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

3. (a) \mathbf{BA}^T , (b) $2\mathbf{A}^T + \mathbf{B}$, (c) $(\mathbf{B}^T + \mathbf{C})\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{B}^T\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{CA}$, (d) $\mathbf{AB} + \mathbf{C}^T$,
(e) $\mathbf{A}^T\mathbf{A}^T + \mathbf{A}^T\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{AA}^T - \mathbf{AA}$.

$$4. \mathbf{X}^T\mathbf{X} = [29], \text{ and } \mathbf{XX}^T = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 6 & 8 \\ 6 & 9 & 12 \\ 8 & 12 & 16 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$5. \mathbf{X}^T \mathbf{X} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 3 & -4 \\ -2 & 4 & -6 & 8 \\ 3 & -6 & 9 & -12 \\ -4 & 8 & -12 & 16 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ and } \mathbf{X}\mathbf{X}^T = [30].$$

$$6. [2x^2 + 6xy + 4y^2]. \quad 7. \mathbf{A}, \mathbf{B}, \mathbf{D}, \mathbf{F}, \mathbf{M}, \mathbf{N}, \mathbf{R}, \text{ and } \mathbf{T}.$$

$$8. \mathbf{E}, \mathbf{F}, \mathbf{H}, \mathbf{K}, \mathbf{L}, \mathbf{M}, \mathbf{N}, \mathbf{R}, \text{ and } \mathbf{T}. \quad 9. \text{Yes.}$$

$$10. \text{No, see } \mathbf{H} \text{ and } \mathbf{L} \text{ in Problem 7.} \quad 11. \text{Yes, see } \mathbf{L} \text{ in Problem 7.}$$

$$12. \begin{bmatrix} -5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 9 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 14. \text{No.}$$

$$19. \mathbf{D}^2 \text{ is a diagonal matrix with diagonal elements } 4, 9, \text{ and } 25; \mathbf{D}^3 \text{ is a diagonal matrix with diagonal elements } 8, 27, \text{ and } -125.$$

$$20. \text{A diagonal matrix with diagonal elements } 1, 8, 27.$$

$$23. \text{A diagonal matrix with diagonal elements } 4, 0, 10. \quad 25. 4.$$

$$28. \mathbf{A} = \mathbf{B} + \mathbf{C}. \quad 29. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \frac{7}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{7}{2} & 1 & 5 \\ -\frac{1}{2} & 5 & -8 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & \frac{3}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{3}{2} & 0 & -2 \\ \frac{1}{2} & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$30. \begin{bmatrix} 6 & \frac{3}{2} & 1 \\ \frac{3}{2} & 0 & -4 \\ 1 & -4 & 2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\frac{1}{2} & 2 \\ \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 3 \\ -2 & -3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$34. (a) \mathbf{P}^2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0.37 & 0.63 \\ 0.28 & 0.72 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbf{P}^3 = \begin{bmatrix} 0.289 & 0.711 \\ 0.316 & 0.684 \end{bmatrix},$$

$$(b) 0.37, \quad (c) 0.63, \quad (d) 0.711, \quad (e) 0.684.$$

$$35. 1 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 1, 1 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 1, 1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 1, 1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 1.$$

$$36. (a) 0.097, \quad (b) 0.0194. \quad 37. (a) 0.64, \quad (b) 0.636.$$

$$38. (a) 0.1, \quad (b) 0.21. \quad 39. (a) 0.6675, \quad (b) 0.577075, \quad (c) 0.267.$$

$$40. \mathbf{M} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$41. (a) \mathbf{M} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix},$$

(b) 3 paths consisting of 2 arcs connecting node 1 to node 5.

$$42. (a) \mathbf{M} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix},$$

(b) \mathbf{M}^3 has a path from node 1 to node 7; it is the first integral power of \mathbf{M} having m_{17} positive. The minimum number of *intermediate* cities is two.

Section 1.5

$$1. (a), (b), \text{ and } (d) \text{ are submatrices.} \quad 3. \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 4 & 5 & -1 & 9 \\ 15 & 10 & 4 & 22 \\ 1 & 1 & 5 & 9 \end{array} \right].$$

4. Partition \mathbf{A} and \mathbf{B} into four 2×2 submatrices each. Then,

$$\mathbf{AB} = \left[\begin{array}{cc|cc} 11 & 9 & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & 6 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 4 & -1 \end{array} \right].$$

$$5. \left[\begin{array}{cc|cc} 18 & 6 & 0 & 0 \\ 12 & 6 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 4 \end{array} \right]. \quad 6. \left[\begin{array}{cc|cc} 7 & 8 & 0 & 0 \\ -4 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 5 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \end{array} \right].$$

$$7. \mathbf{A}^2 = \left[\begin{array}{ccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]. \quad \mathbf{A}^3 = \left[\begin{array}{ccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 8 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right].$$

8. $\mathbf{A}^n = \mathbf{A}$ when n is odd.

Section 1.6

$$1. p = 1. \quad 2. \begin{bmatrix} -4/3 \\ -1 \\ -8/3 \\ 1/3 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 3. [1 \quad -0.4 \quad 1].$$

$$4. (a) \text{ Not defined, } (b) \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -3 & 12 & 3 \\ 2 & -1 & 4 & 1 \\ 12 & -6 & 24 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad (c) [29], \quad (d) [29].$$

$$5. (a) [4 \quad -1 \quad 1], \quad (b) [-1], \quad (c) \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & -2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix}, \quad (d) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

6. (c), (d), (f), (g), (h), and (i).

$$7. (a) \sqrt{2}, \quad (b) 5, \quad (c) \sqrt{3}, \quad (d) \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3}, \quad (e) \sqrt{15}, \quad (f) \sqrt{39}.$$

$$8. (a) \sqrt{2}, \quad (b) \sqrt{5}, \quad (c) \sqrt{3}, \quad (d) 2, \quad (e) \sqrt{30}, \quad (f) \sqrt{2}.$$

$$9. (a) \sqrt{15}, \quad (b) \sqrt{39}. \quad 12. x \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} + y \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 11 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$13. x \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} + y \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + z \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ -2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + w \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 8 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 16. [0.5 \quad 0.3 \quad 0.2].$$

17. (a) There is a 0.6 probability that an individual chosen at random initially will live in the city; thus, 60% of the population initially lives in the city, while 40% lives in the suburbs.

$$(b) \mathbf{d}^{(1)} = [0.574 \quad 0.426]. \quad (c) \mathbf{d}^{(2)} = [0.54956 \quad 0.45044].$$

18. (a) 40% of customers now use brand X, 50% use brand Y, and 10% use other brands.

$$(b) \mathbf{d}_1 = [0.395 \quad 0.530 \quad 0.075]. \quad (c) \mathbf{d}_2 = [0.38775 \quad 0.54815 \quad 0.06410].$$

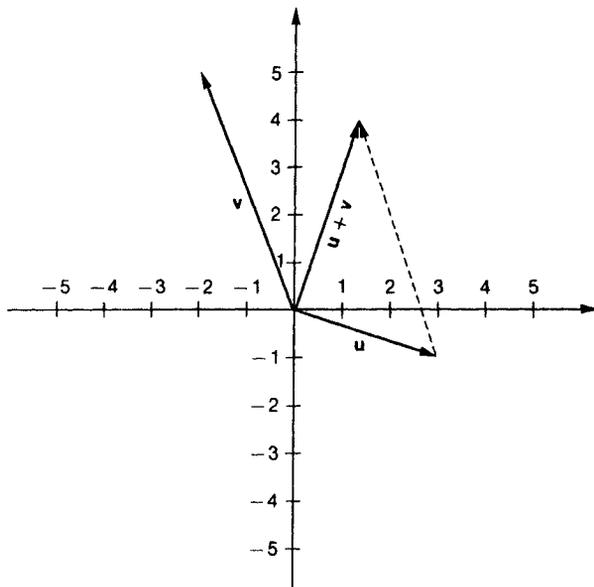
$$19. (a) \mathbf{d}^{(0)} = [0 \quad 1]. \quad (b) \mathbf{d}^{(1)} = [0.7 \quad 0.3].$$

$$20. (a) \mathbf{d}^{(0)} = [1 \quad 0 \quad 0].$$

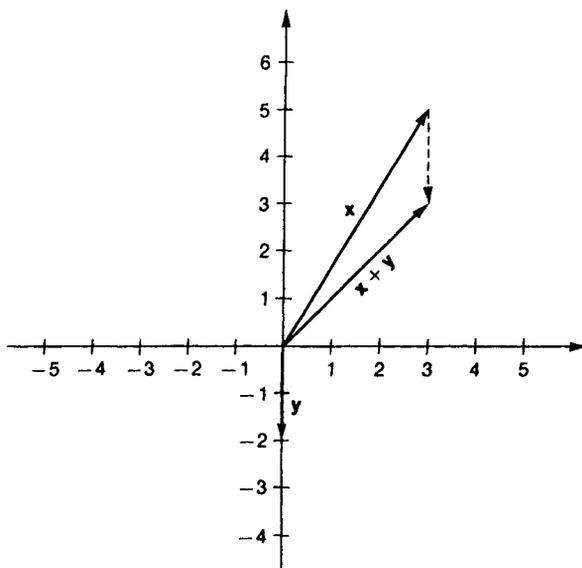
(b) $\mathbf{d}^{(2)} = [0.21 \quad 0.61 \quad 0.18]$. A probability of 0.18 that the harvest will be good in two years.

Section 1.7

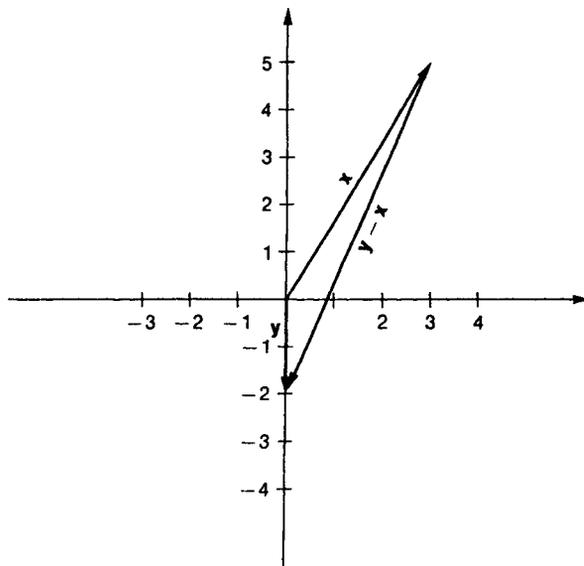
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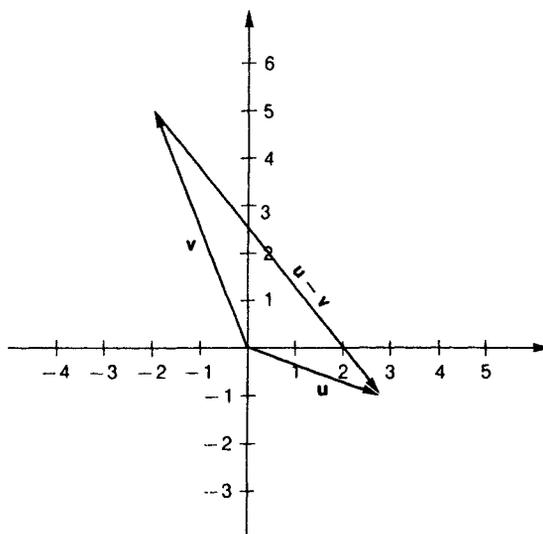
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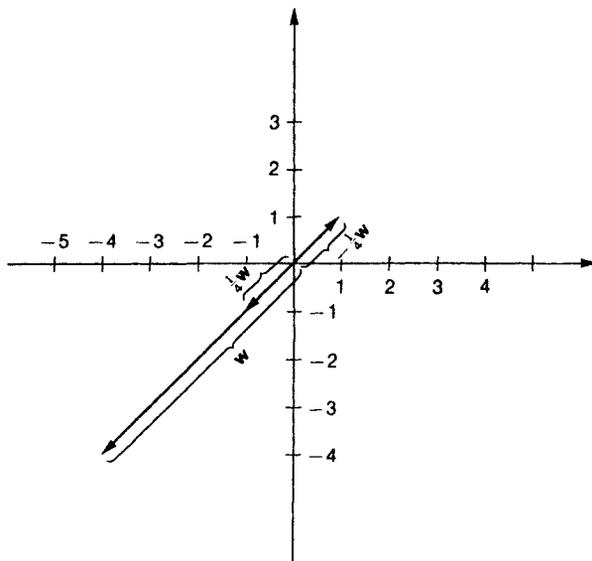
6.



7.



16.

17. 341.57° . 18. 111.80° . 19. 225° . 20. 59.04° . 21. 270° .

CHAPTER 2

Section 2.1

1. (a) No. (b) Yes. 2. (a) Yes. (b) No. (c) Yes.
 3. No value of k will work. 4. $k = 1$. 5. $k = 1/12$.
 6. k is arbitrary; any value will work. 7. No value of k will work.

$$8. \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 5 \\ 2 & -7 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 11 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$9. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 & -2 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$10. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & -3 & 2 \\ 3 & -4 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 0 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$11. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 4 & 2 \\ -3 & -6 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$12. \begin{aligned} 50r + 60s &= 70,000, \\ 30r + 40s &= 45,000. \end{aligned} \quad 13. \begin{aligned} 5d + 0.25b &= 200, \\ 10d + b &= 500. \end{aligned}$$

$$14. \begin{aligned} 8,000A + 3,000B + 1,000C &= 70,000, \\ 5,000A + 12,000B + 10,000C &= 181,000, \\ 1,000A + 3,000B + 2,000C &= 41,000. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 \mathbf{15.} & 5A + 4B + 8C + 12D = 80, \\
 & 20A + 30B + 15C + 5D = 200, \\
 & 3A + 3B + 10C + 7D = 50. \\
 \mathbf{16.} & b + 0.05c + 0.05s = 20,000, \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad c = 8,000, \\
 & 0.03c + s = 12,000.
 \end{array}$$

17. (a) $C = 800,000 + 30B$, (b) Add the additional equation $S = C$.

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 \mathbf{18.} & -0.60p_1 + 0.30p_2 + 0.50p_3 = 0, \\
 & 0.40p_1 - 0.75p_2 + 0.35p_3 = 0, \\
 & 0.20p_1 + 0.45p_2 - 0.85p_3 = 0. \\
 \mathbf{19.} & -\frac{1}{2}p_1 + \frac{1}{3}p_2 + \frac{1}{6}p_3 = 0, \\
 & \frac{1}{4}p_1 - \frac{2}{3}p_2 + \frac{1}{3}p_3 = 0, \\
 & \frac{1}{4}p_1 + \frac{1}{3}p_2 - \frac{1}{2}p_3 = 0.
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \mathbf{20.} \quad -0.85p_1 + 0.10p_2 + \qquad \qquad 0.15p_4 = 0, \\
 \qquad \qquad 0.20p_1 - 0.60p_2 + \frac{1}{3}p_3 + 0.40p_4 = 0, \\
 \qquad \qquad 0.30p_1 + 0.15p_2 - \frac{2}{3}p_3 + 0.45p_4 = 0, \\
 \qquad \qquad 0.35p_1 + 0.35p_2 + \frac{1}{3}p_3 - \qquad p_4 = 0.
 \end{array}$$

$$\mathbf{22.} \quad \mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{1}{3} & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbf{d} = \begin{bmatrix} 20,000 \\ 30,000 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$\mathbf{23.} \quad \mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0.02 & 0.50 \\ 0.20 & 0 & 0.30 \\ 0.10 & 0.35 & 0.10 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbf{d} = \begin{bmatrix} 50,000 \\ 80,000 \\ 30,000 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$\mathbf{24.} \quad \mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.20 & 0.15 & 0.40 & 0.25 \\ 0 & 0.20 & 0 & 0 \\ 0.10 & 0.05 & 0 & 0.10 \\ 0.30 & 0.30 & 0.10 & 0.05 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbf{d} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 5,000,000 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Section 2.2

- 1.** $x = 1, y = 1, z = 2$. **2.** $x = -6z, y = 7z, z$ is arbitrary.
3. $x = y = 1$. **4.** $r = t + 13/7, s = 2t + 15/7, t$ is arbitrary.
5. $l = \frac{1}{5}(-n + 1), m = \frac{1}{5}(3n - 5p - 3), n$ and p are arbitrary.
6. $x = 0, y = 0, z = 0$. **7.** $x = 2, y = 1, z = -1$.
8. $x = 1, y = 1, z = 0, w = 1$.

Section 2.3

$$\mathbf{1.} \quad \mathbf{A}^{\mathbf{b}} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -3 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}. \quad \mathbf{2.} \quad \mathbf{A}^{\mathbf{b}} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & -3 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$3. \mathbf{A}^b = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 5 \\ -3 & 1 & 13 \\ 4 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$4. \mathbf{A}^b = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 & 0 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 & 8 \\ 5 & -3 & 7 & 15 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$5. \mathbf{A}^b = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -4 & 12 \\ 3 & -2 & 0 & -1 \\ 8 & -1 & -4 & 10 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$6. \begin{aligned} x + 2y &= 5, \\ y &= 8. \end{aligned}$$

$$7. \begin{aligned} x - 2y + 3z &= 10, \\ y - 5z &= -3, \\ z &= 4. \end{aligned}$$

$$8. \begin{aligned} r - 3s + 12t &= 40, \\ s - 6t &= -200, \\ t &= 25. \end{aligned}$$

$$9. \begin{aligned} x + 3y &= -8, \\ y + 4z &= 2, \\ 0 &= 0. \end{aligned}$$

$$10. \begin{aligned} a - 7b + 2c &= 0, \\ b - c &= 0, \\ 0 &= 0. \end{aligned}$$

$$11. \begin{aligned} u - v &= -1, \\ v - 2w &= 2, \\ w &= -3, \\ 0 &= 1. \end{aligned}$$

$$12. x = -11, y = 8.$$

$$13. x = 32, y = 17, z = 4.$$

$$14. r = -410, s = -50, t = 25.$$

$$15. x = -14 + 12z, y = 2 - 4z, z \text{ is arbitrary.}$$

$$16. a = 5c, b = c, c \text{ is arbitrary.}$$

17. No solution.

$$18. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 23 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$19. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 6 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 18 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$20. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3.5 & -2.5 \\ 0 & 1 & -6 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$21. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 41/29 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$22. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -32/23 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$23. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -5 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -9/35 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$24. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3/2 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & -50 & -32 & -6 & -130 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 53/76 & 5/76 & 190/76 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$25. x = 1, y = -2.$$

$$26. x = 5/7 - (1/7)z, y = -6/7 + (4/7)z, z \text{ is arbitrary.}$$

$$27. a = -3, b = 4.$$

$$28. r = 13/3, s = t = -5/3.$$

29. $r = \frac{1}{13}(21 + 8t), s = \frac{1}{13}(38 + 12t), t$ is arbitrary.

30. $x = 1, y = 1, z = 2.$ 31. $x = -6z, y = 7z, z$ is arbitrary.

32. $x = y = 1.$ 33. $r = t + 13/7, s = 2t + 15/7, t$ is arbitrary.

34. $l = \frac{1}{5}(-n + 1), m = \frac{1}{5}(3n - 5p - 3), n$ and p are arbitrary.

35. $r = 500, s = 750.$ 36. $d = 30, b = 200.$ 37. $A = 5, B = 8, C = 6.$

38. $A = 19.759 - 4.145D, B = -7.108 + 2.735D,$
 $C = 1.205 - 0.277D, D$ is arbitrary.

39. $b = \$19,012.$

40. 80,000 barrels. 41. $p_1 = (48/33)p_3, p_2 = (41/33)p_3, p_3$ is arbitrary.

42. $p_1 = (8/9)p_3, p_2 = (5/6)p_3, p_3$ is arbitrary.

43. $p_1 = 0.3435p_4, p_2 = 1.4195p_4, p_3 = 1.1489p_4, p_4$ is arbitrary.

44. $x_1 = \$66,000; x_2 = \$52,000.$

45. To construct an elementary matrix that will interchange the i th and j th rows, simply interchange those rows in the identity matrix of appropriate order.

46. To construct an elementary matrix that will multiply the i th row of a matrix by the scalar r , simply replace the unity element in the i - i position of an identity matrix of appropriate order by r .

47. To construct an elementary matrix that will add r times the i th row to the j th row, simply do the identical process to an identity matrix of appropriate order.

48. $\mathbf{x}^{(0)} = \begin{bmatrix} 40,000 \\ 60,000 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{x}^{(1)} = \begin{bmatrix} 55,000 \\ 43,333 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{x}^{(2)} = \begin{bmatrix} 58,333 \\ 48,333 \end{bmatrix}.$

49. $\mathbf{x}^{(0)} = \begin{bmatrix} 100,000 \\ 160,000 \\ 60,000 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{x}^{(1)} = \begin{bmatrix} 83,200 \\ 118,000 \\ 102,000 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{x}^{(2)} = \begin{bmatrix} 103,360 \\ 127,240 \\ 89,820 \end{bmatrix}.$

The solution is $x_1 = \$99,702; x_2 = \$128,223; \text{ and } x_3 = \$94,276,$ rounded to the nearest dollar.

50. $\mathbf{x}^{(0)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 10,000,000 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{x}^{(1)} = \begin{bmatrix} 1,500,000 \\ 7,000,000 \\ 500,000 \\ 3,000,000 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{x}^{(2)} = \begin{bmatrix} 2,300,000 \\ 6,400,000 \\ 800,000 \\ 2,750,000 \end{bmatrix}.$

The solution is: energy = \$2,484,488; tourism = \$6,250,000; transportation = \$845,677; and construction = \$2,847,278, all rounded to the nearest dollar.

Section 2.4

1. (a) 4, (b) 4, (c) 8. 2. (a) 5, (b) 5, (c) 5.
 3. (a) 3, (b) 3, (c) 8. 4. (a) 4, (b) -3, (c) 8.
 5. (a) 9, (b) 9, (c) 11. 6. (a) 4, (b) 1, (c) 10.
 7. $a = -3, b = 4$. 8. $r = 13/3, s = t = -5/3$.
 9. Depending on the roundoff procedure used, the last equation may not be $0 = 0$, but rather numbers very close to zero. Then only one answer is obtained.

Section 2.5

1. Independent. 2. Independent. 3. Dependent.
 4. Dependent. 5. Independent. 6. Dependent.
 7. Independent. 8. Dependent. 9. Dependent.
 10. Dependent. 11. Independent. 12. Dependent.
 13. Independent. 14. Independent. 15. Dependent.
 16. Independent. 17. Dependent. 18. Dependent.

19. Dependent. 20.
$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = (-2) \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + (1) \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} + (3) \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

21. (a) $[2 \ 3] = 2[1 \ 0] + 3[0 \ 1]$, (b) $[2 \ 3] = \frac{5}{2}[1 \ 1] + \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)[1 \ -1]$, (c) No.

22. (a)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix},$$
 (b) No,

(c)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = (0) \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + (1) \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + (0) \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

23.
$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = (1) \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + (1) \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + (0) \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

24. $[a \ b] = (a)[1 \ 0] + (b)[0 \ 1]$.

25. $[a \ b] = \left(\frac{a+b}{2}\right)[1 \ 1] + \left(\frac{a-b}{2}\right)[1 \ -1]$.

26. $[1 \ 0]$ cannot be written as a linear combination of these vectors.

27. $[a \ -2a] = (a/2)[2 \ -4] + (0)[-3 \ 6]$.

28. $[a \ b] = \left(\frac{a+2b}{7}\right)[1 \ 3] + \left(\frac{3a-b}{7}\right)[2 \ -1] + (0)[1 \ 1]$.

29. $\begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix} = \left(\frac{a-b+c}{2}\right)\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + \left(\frac{a+b-c}{2}\right)\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \left(\frac{-a+b+c}{2}\right)\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

30. No, impossible to write any vector with a nonzero second component as a linear combination of these vectors.

31. $\begin{bmatrix} a \\ 0 \\ a \end{bmatrix} = (a)\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + (0)\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + (0)\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$. 32. 1 and 2 are bases.

33. 7 and 11 are bases. 39. $(-k)x + (1)kx = \mathbf{0}$.

42. $\mathbf{0} = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{0} = \mathbf{A}(c_1\mathbf{x}_1 + c_2\mathbf{x}_2 + \cdots + c_k\mathbf{x}_k) = c_1\mathbf{A}\mathbf{x}_1 + c_2\mathbf{A}\mathbf{x}_2 + \cdots + c_k\mathbf{A}\mathbf{x}_k = c_1\mathbf{y}_1 + c_2\mathbf{y}_2 + \cdots + c_k\mathbf{y}_k$.

Section 2.6

1. 2. 2. 2. 3. 1. 4. 2. 5. 3.

6. Independent. 7. Independent. 8. Dependent.

9. Dependent. 10. Independent. 11. Dependent.

12. Independent. 13. Dependent. 14. Dependent.

15. Dependent. 16. Independent. 17. Dependent.

18. Independent. 19. Dependent. 20. Independent.

21. Dependent. 22. Dependent.

23. (a) Yes, (b) Yes, (c) No. 24. (a) Yes, (b) No, (c) Yes.

25. Yes. 26. Yes. 27. No. 28. First two.

29. First two. 30. First and third. 31. 0.

Section 2.7

1. Consistent with no arbitrary unknowns; $x = 2/3, y = 1/3$.

2. Inconsistent.

3. Consistent with one arbitrary unknown; $x = (1/2)(3 - 2z)$, $y = -1/2$.
4. Consistent with two arbitrary unknowns; $x = (1/7)(11 - 5z - 2w)$,
 $y = (1/7)(1 - 3z + 3w)$.
5. Consistent with no arbitrary unknowns; $x = y = 1$, $z = -1$.
6. Consistent with no arbitrary unknowns; $x = y = 0$.
7. Consistent with no arbitrary unknowns; $x = y = z = 0$.
8. Consistent with no arbitrary unknowns; $x = y = z = 0$.
9. Consistent with two arbitrary unknowns; $x = z - 7w$, $y = 2z - 2w$.

CHAPTER 3

Section 3.1

1. (c).
2. None.
3. $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{3}{14} & \frac{-2}{14} \\ \frac{-5}{14} & \frac{8}{14} \end{bmatrix}$.
4. $\begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} \\ \frac{2}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} \end{bmatrix}$.
5. **D** has no inverse.
7. $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 \\ -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.
8. $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{3}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.
9. $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & -6 \\ -6 & 12 \end{bmatrix}$.
10. $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{-1}{5} & \frac{1}{10} \\ \frac{3}{20} & \frac{-1}{20} \end{bmatrix}$.
11. $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$.
12. $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.
13. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$.
14. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.
15. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.
16. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.
17. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.
18. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 5 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.
19. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.
20. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.
21. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$.
22. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$.
23. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

$$24. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 7 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 25. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 7 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 26. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -0.2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$27. \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 28. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 29. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 30. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$31. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 32. \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 33. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -3 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$34. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 35. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 36. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{4} \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$37. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 38. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -7 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 39. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$40. \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 41. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 42. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$43. \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{3} \end{bmatrix}. \quad 44. \text{No inverse.} \quad 45. \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{3} \end{bmatrix}. \quad 46. \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{3}{2} \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$47. \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{10} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{5} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{5} \end{bmatrix}. \quad 48. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 49. \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{4} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{5}{3} \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$50. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 51. \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{3} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 52. \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{4} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{5} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{6} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$53. \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 54. \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{7} \end{bmatrix}. \quad 55. \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{4} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{5} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -6 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Section 3.2

$$1. \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 \\ -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 2. \frac{1}{3} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 3. \text{Does not exist.}$$

$$4. \frac{1}{11} \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ -3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 5. \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 \\ -5 & 8 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 6. \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -6 \\ -6 & 12 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$7. \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 8. \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 9. \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & 1 \\ 6 & 5 & -4 \\ -3 & -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$10. \text{Does not exist.} \quad 11. \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -5 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 12. \frac{1}{6} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & -8 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$13. \begin{bmatrix} 9 & -5 & -2 \\ 5 & -3 & -1 \\ -36 & 21 & 8 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 14. \frac{1}{17} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 7 & -2 \\ 7 & -2 & 3 \\ -2 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$15. \frac{1}{17} \begin{bmatrix} 14 & 5 & -6 \\ -5 & -3 & 7 \\ 13 & 1 & -8 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 16. \text{Does not exist.}$$

$$17. \frac{1}{33} \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 3 & 1 \\ -6 & 3 & 12 \\ -8 & 15 & 5 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 18. \frac{1}{4} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -4 & 4 \\ 1 & 5 & -4 \\ 3 & 7 & -8 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$19. \frac{1}{4} \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -4 & -4 & -4 \\ 0 & 4 & 2 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 20. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ -8 & 3 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ -25 & 10 & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

21. Inverse of a nonsingular lower triangular matrix is lower triangular.

22. Inverse of a nonsingular upper triangular matrix is upper triangular.

23. 35 62 5 10 47 75 2 3 38 57 15 25 18 36.

24. 14 116 10 20 -39 131 -3 5 -57 95 -5 45 36 72.

25. 3 5 48 81 14 28 47 75 2 3 28 42 27 41 5 10.

26. HI THERE. 27. THIS IS FUN.

28. 24 13 27 19 28 9 0 1 1 24 10 24 18 0 18.

Section 3.3

1. $x = 1, y = -2$. 2. $a = -3, b = 4$. 3. $x = 2, y = -1$.
 4. $l = 1, p = 3$. 5. Not possible; A is singular.
 6. $x = -8, y = 5, z = 3$. 7. $x = y = z = 1$.
 8. $l = 1, m = -2, n = 0$. 9. $r = 4.333, s = t = -1.667$.
 10. $r = 3.767, s = -1.133, t = -1.033$. 11. Not possible; A is singular.
 12. $x = y = 1, z = 2$. 13. $r = 500, s = 750$. 14. $d = 30, b = 200$.
 15. $A = 5, B = 8, C = 6$. 16. $B = \$19,012$.
 17. 80,000 barrels. 18. $x_1 = 66,000; x_2 = 52,000$.
 19. $x_1 = 99,702; x_2 = 128,223; x_3 = 94,276$.

Section 3.4

11. $\mathbf{A}^{-2} = \begin{bmatrix} 11 & -4 \\ -8 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$, $\mathbf{B}^{-2} = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & -20 \\ -4 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$.
 12. $\mathbf{A}^{-3} = \begin{bmatrix} 41 & -15 \\ -30 & 11 \end{bmatrix}$, $\mathbf{B}^{-3} = \begin{bmatrix} -38 & 85 \\ 17 & -38 \end{bmatrix}$.
 13. $\mathbf{A}^{-2} = \frac{1}{4} \begin{bmatrix} 22 & -10 \\ -15 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$, $\mathbf{B}^{-4} = \frac{1}{512} \begin{bmatrix} 47 & 15 \\ -45 & -13 \end{bmatrix}$.
 14. $\mathbf{A}^{-2} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$, $\mathbf{B}^{-2} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -4 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.
 15. $\mathbf{A}^{-3} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$, $\mathbf{B}^{-3} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -6 & -9 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.
 16. $\frac{1}{125} = \begin{bmatrix} -11 & -2 \\ 2 & -11 \end{bmatrix}$.
 17. First show that $(\mathbf{BA}^{-1})^T = \mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{B}^T$ and that $(\mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{B}^T)^{-1} = (\mathbf{B}^T)^{-1}\mathbf{A}$.

Section 3.5

1. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$, $\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ -9 \end{bmatrix}$.
 2. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0.5 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1.5 \end{bmatrix}$, $\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$.

$$3. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0.625 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 3 \\ 0 & 0.125 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} -400 \\ 1275 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$4. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$5. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$6. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & -1 & -6 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} -10 \\ 0 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$7. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{4}{3} & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -\frac{21}{8} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & -\frac{8}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{8} \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ -10 \\ 40 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$8. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -0.75 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & -4 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 4.25 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 79 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$9. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 19 \\ -3 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$10. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & \frac{1}{2} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$11. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -5 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$12. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{2}{7} & \frac{5}{7} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & -1 & 3 \\ 0 & \frac{7}{2} & \frac{5}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{3}{7} \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 266.67 \\ -166.67 \\ 166.67 \\ 266.67 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$13. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ -10 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$14. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & 1.5 & 1 & 0 \\ 0.5 & 0 & 0.25 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -2 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 8 & -8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} -2.5 \\ -1.5 \\ 1.5 \\ 2.0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

15. (a) $x = 5, y = -2$; (b) $x = -5/7, y = 1/7$.

16. (a) $x = 1, y = 0, z = 2$; (b) $x = 140, y = -50, z = -20$.

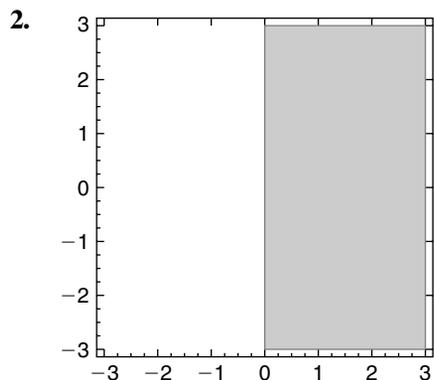
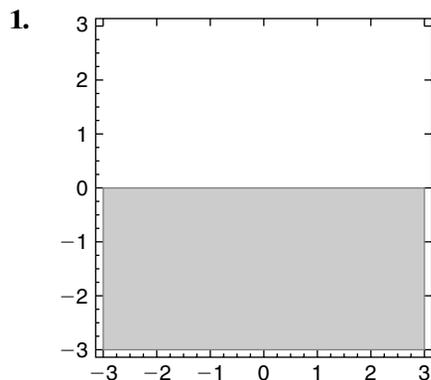
$$17. \text{(a)} \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ -3 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, \text{(b)} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \text{(c)} \begin{bmatrix} 35 \\ 5 \\ 15 \end{bmatrix}, \text{(d)} \begin{bmatrix} -0.5 \\ 1.5 \\ 1.5 \end{bmatrix}.$$

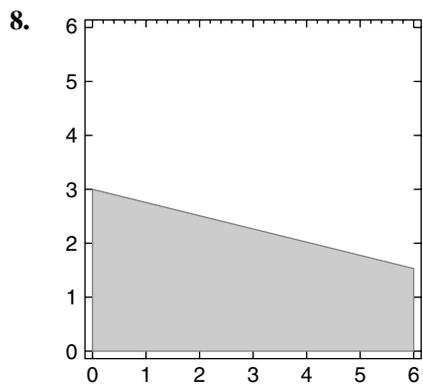
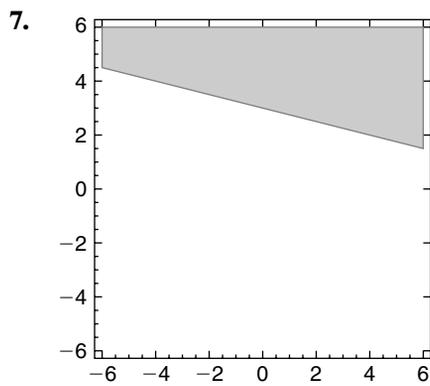
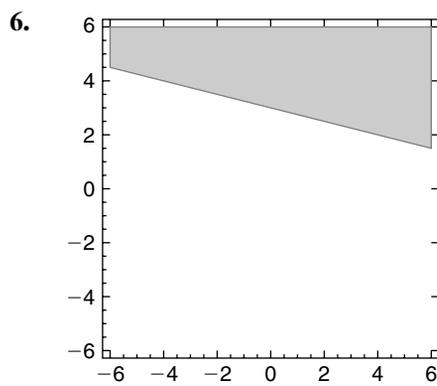
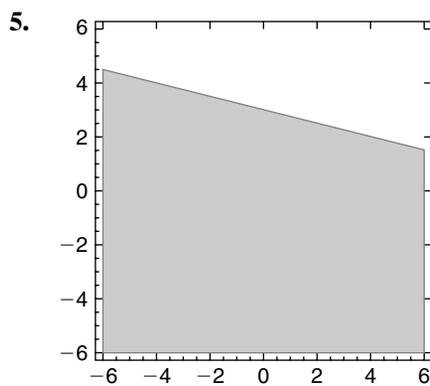
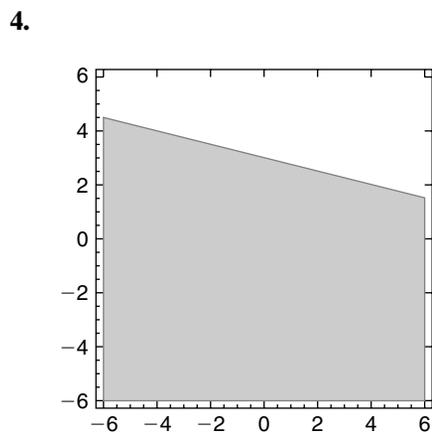
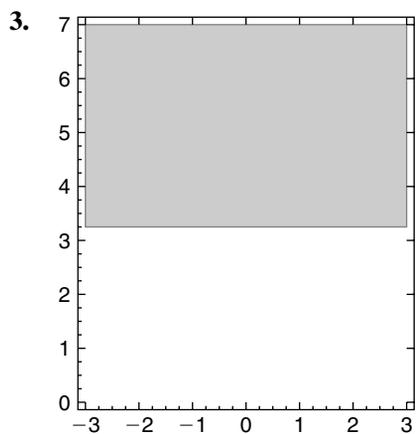
$$18. \text{(a)} \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \text{(b)} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \text{(c)} \begin{bmatrix} 80 \\ 50 \\ -10 \\ 20 \end{bmatrix}, \text{(d)} \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{1}{3} \end{bmatrix}.$$

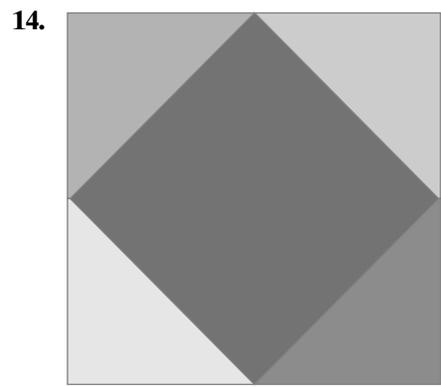
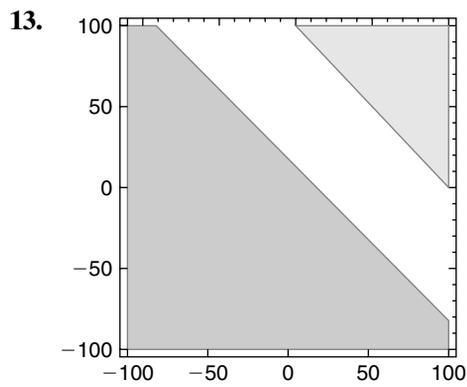
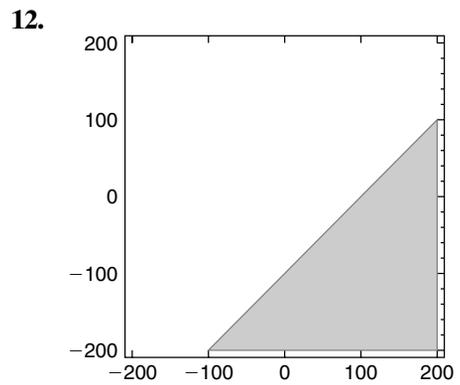
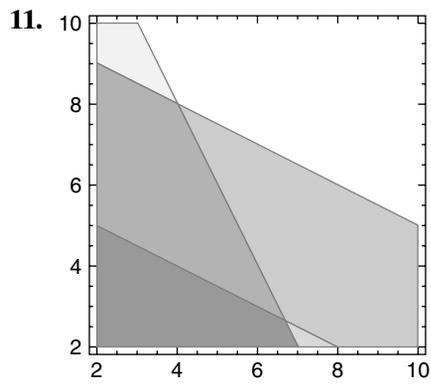
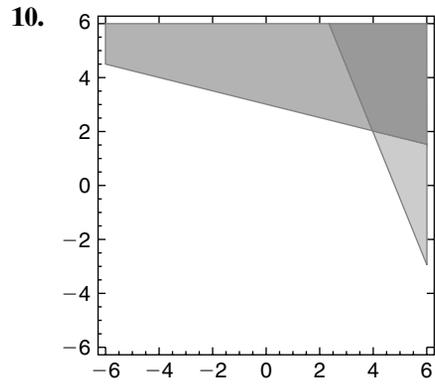
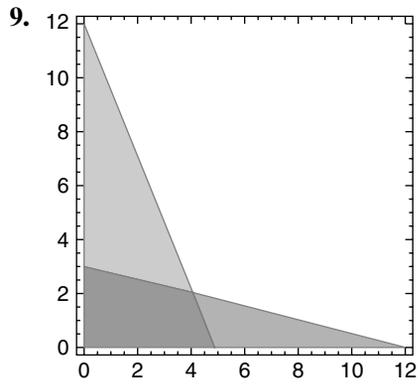
21. (d) \mathbf{A} is singular.

CHAPTER 4

Section 4.1







Section 4.2

Note: Assume all variables are non-negative for (1) through (8).

1. Let x = the number of trucks of wheat; y = the number of trucks of corn.
 $2x + 3y \leq 23$, $3x + y \leq 17$.
 The objective function is $5000x + 6000y$.
 2. The objective function is $8000x + 5000y$.
 3. Let x = the number of units of X ; y = the number of units of Y . $2x + 3y \geq 180$,
 $3x + 2y \geq 240$. The objective function is $500x + 750y$.
 4. The objective function is $750x + 500y$.
 5. Add the third constraint $10x + 10y \geq 210$.
 6. Let x = the number of ounces of Zinc and y = the number of ounces of
 Calcium. $2x + y \geq 10$, $x + 4y \geq 15$. The objective function is $.04x + .05y$.
 7. Add the third constraint $3x + 2y \geq 12$.
 8. The objective function is $.07x + .08y$.
 9. The *Richard Nardone Emporium* needs at least 1800 cases of regular scotch and
 at least 750 cases of premium scotch. Each foreign shipment from distributor
 “ x ” can deliver two cases of the former and three cases of the latter, while
 distributor “ y ” can produce nine cases of the former and one case of the latter
 for each foreign shipment. Minimize the cost if each “ x ” shipment costs \$400
 and each “ y ” shipment costs \$1100. Note that the units for $K(x, y)$ is in \$100's.
- (g) Three components are required to produce a special force (in pounds):
 mechanical, chemical, and electrical. The following constraints are
 imposed:
- Every x force requires one mechanical unit, two chemical units and one
 electrical unit;
 - Every y force needs one mechanical unit, one chemical unit and three
 electrical units;
 - Every z force requires two mechanical units, one chemical unit and one
 electrical unit.

The respective limits on these components is 12, 14, and 15 units, respectively.
 The *Cafone Force Machine* uses $2x$ plus $3y$ plus $4z$ pounds of force; maximize
 the sum of these forces.

Section 4.3

1. \$50,000. 2. \$57,000.
3. \$45,000. Note that the minimum occurs at every point on the line segment
 connecting (72,12) and (90,0).

4. \$60,000. Note that the minimum occurs at every point on the line segment connecting (72,12) and (0,120).
5. $X = 72, Y = 12$ is one solution,
 $X = 90, Y = 0$ is another solution.
6. About 29 cents.
9. 400.
12. 3280.
14. 60,468.8.
15. 3018.8.

Section 4.4

1. \$50,000. 2. \$57,000.
3. 30. 4. 20.
5. 72.

$$7. \left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} x_1 & x_2 & s_1 & s_2 & z & \\ \hline 2 & 5 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 10 \\ 3 & 4 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 12 \\ \hline -100 & -55 & 0 & 0.5 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

CHAPTER 5

Section 5.1

1. -2. 2. 38. 3. 38. 4. -2. 5. 82.
6. -82. 7. 9. 8. -20. 9. 21. 10. 2.
11. 20. 12. 0. 13. 0. 14. 0. 15. -93.
16. $4t - 6$. 17. $2t^2 + 6$. 18. $5t^2$. 19. 0 and 2. 20. -1 and 4.
21. 2 and 3. 22. $\pm\sqrt{6}$. 23. $\lambda^2 - 9\lambda - 2$.
24. $\lambda^2 - 9\lambda + 38$. 25. $\lambda^2 - 13\lambda - 2$. 26. $\lambda^2 - 8\lambda + 9$.
27. $|\mathbf{A}||\mathbf{B}| = |\mathbf{AB}|$. 28. They differ by a sign.
29. The new determinants are the chosen constant times the old determinants, respectively.
30. No change. 31. Zero. 32. Identical. 33. Zero.

Section 5.2

- 1.** -6 . **2.** 22 . **3.** 0 . **4.** -9 . **5.** -33 .
6. 15 . **7.** -5 . **8.** -10 . **9.** 0 . **10.** 0 .
11. 0 . **12.** 119 . **13.** -8 . **14.** 22 . **15.** -7 .
16. -40 . **17.** 52 . **18.** 25 . **19.** 0 . **20.** 0 .
21. -11 . **22.** 0 . **23.** Product of diagonal elements.
24. Always zero. **25.** $-\lambda^3 + 7\lambda + 22$.
26. $-\lambda^3 + 4\lambda^2 - 17\lambda$. **27.** $-\lambda^3 + 6\lambda - 9$.
28. $-\lambda^3 + 10\lambda^2 - 22\lambda - 33$.

Section 5.3

- 2.** For an upper triangular matrix, expand by the first column at each step.
3. Use the third column to simplify both the first and second columns.
6. Factor the numbers -1 , 2 , 2 , and 3 from the third row, second row, first column, and second column, respectively.
7. Factor a five from the third row. Then use this new third row to simplify the second row and the new second row to simplify the first row.
8. Interchange the second and third rows, and then transpose.
9. Multiply the first row by 2 , the second row by -1 , and the second column by 2 .
10. Apply the third elementary row operation with the third row to make the first two rows identical.
11. Multiply the first column by $1/2$, the second column by $1/3$, to obtain identical columns.
13. $1 = \det(\mathbf{I}) = \det(\mathbf{A}\mathbf{A}^{-1}) = \det(\mathbf{A})\det(\mathbf{A}^{-1})$.

Section 5.4

- 1.** -1 . **2.** 0 . **3.** -311 . **4.** -10 . **5.** 0 .
6. -5 . **7.** 0 . **8.** 0 . **9.** 119 . **10.** -9 .
11. -33 . **12.** 15 . **13.** 2187 . **14.** 52 . **15.** 25 .
16. 0 . **17.** 0 . **18.** 152 . **19.** 0 . **20.** 0 .

Section 5.5

- 1.** Does not exist. **2.** $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 \\ -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$. **3.** $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & -6 \\ -6 & 12 \end{bmatrix}$.

4. $\frac{1}{11} \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ -3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$. 5. $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 \\ -5 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$. 6. Does not exist.

7. $\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$. 8. $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$. 9. $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & 1 \\ 6 & 5 & -4 \\ -3 & -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$.

10. Does not exist. 11. $\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -5 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$. 12. $\frac{1}{17} \begin{bmatrix} 14 & 5 & -6 \\ -5 & -3 & 7 \\ 13 & 1 & -8 \end{bmatrix}$.

13. Does not exist. 14. $\frac{1}{33} \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 3 & 1 \\ -6 & 3 & 12 \\ -8 & 15 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$. 15. $\frac{1}{4} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -4 & 4 \\ 1 & 5 & -4 \\ 3 & 7 & -8 \end{bmatrix}$.

16. $\frac{1}{ad - bc} \begin{bmatrix} d & -b \\ -c & a \end{bmatrix}$. 17. $\det(\mathbf{AB}) = \det(\mathbf{A}) \det(\mathbf{B})$.

19. Equals the number of rows in the matrix.

Section 5.6

1. $x = 1, y = -2$. 2. $x = 3, y = -3$. 3. $a = 10/11, b = -20/11$.
 4. $s = 50, t = 30$. 5. Determinant of coefficient matrix is zero.
 6. System is not square. 7. $x = 10, y = z = 5$.
 8. $x = 1, y = -4, z = 5$. 9. $x = y = 1, z = 2$. 10. $a = b = c = 1$.
 11. Determinant of coefficient matrix is zero. 12. $r = 3, s = -2, t = 3$.
 13. $x = 1, y = 2, z = 5, w = -3$.

CHAPTER 6

Section 6.1

1. (a), (d), (e), (f), and (h). 2. (a) 3, (d) 5, (e) 3, (f) 3, (h) 5.
 3. (c), (e), (f), and (g). 4. (c) 0, (e) 0, (f) -4, (g) -4.
 5. (b), (c), (d), (e), and (g). 6. (b) 2, (c) 1, (d) 1, (e) 3, (g) 3.
 7. (a), (b), and (d). 8. (a) -2, (b) -1, (d) 2.

Section 6.2

- 1.** 2, 3. **2.** 1, 4. **3.** 0, 8. **4.** -3, 12.
5. 3, 3. **6.** 3, -3. **7.** $\pm\sqrt{34}$. **8.** $\pm 4i$.
9. $\pm i$. **10.** 1, 1. **11.** 0, 0. **12.** 0, 0.
13. $\pm\sqrt{2}$. **14.** 10, -11. **15.** -10, 11. **16.** $t, -2t$.
17. $2t, 2t$. **18.** $2\theta, 3\theta$. **19.** 2, 4, -2. **20.** 1, 2, 3.
21. 1, 1, 3. **22.** 0, 2, 2. **23.** 2, 3, 9. **24.** 1, -2, 5.
25. 2, 3, 6. **26.** 0, 0, 14. **27.** 0, 10, 14. **28.** 2, 2, 5.
29. 0, 0, 6. **30.** 3, 3, 9. **31.** 3, $\pm 2i$. **32.** 0, $\pm i$.
33. 3, 3, 3. **34.** 2, 4, 1, $\pm i\sqrt{5}$. **35.** 1, 1, 2, 2.

Section 6.3

- 1.** $\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$. **2.** $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$. **3.** $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$.
4. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$. **5.** $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$. **6.** $\begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ 3 - \sqrt{34} \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ 3 + \sqrt{34} \end{bmatrix}$.
7. $\begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ 3 - 4i \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ 3 + 4i \end{bmatrix}$. **8.** $\begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ 2 - i \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ 2 + i \end{bmatrix}$. **9.** $\begin{bmatrix} -2 - \sqrt{2} \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -2 + \sqrt{2} \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$.
10. $\begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$. **11.** $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$. **12.** $\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$.
13. $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$. **14.** $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -4 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$. **15.** $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -4 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$.
16. $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 4 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$. **17.** $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$. **18.** $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$.
19. $\begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ 1 \\ 13 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ -1 + 2i \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ -1 - 2i \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$. **20.** $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -i \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ i \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$.
21. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$. **22.** $\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 3 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

23. $\begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ -6 \\ 11 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}.$
24. $\begin{bmatrix} 2/\sqrt{5} \\ 1/\sqrt{5} \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} \\ 1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}.$
25. $\begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} \\ -1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{5} \\ 2/\sqrt{5} \end{bmatrix}.$
26. $\begin{bmatrix} 3/\sqrt{13} \\ -2/\sqrt{13} \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{5} \\ 2/\sqrt{5} \end{bmatrix}.$
27. $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{3} \\ 1/\sqrt{3} \\ 1/\sqrt{3} \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1/\sqrt{2} \\ 0 \\ 1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}.$
28. $\begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{18} \\ -4/\sqrt{18} \\ 1/\sqrt{18} \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1/\sqrt{2} \\ 0 \\ 1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}.$
29. $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1/\sqrt{2} \\ 1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3/\sqrt{13} \\ -2/\sqrt{13} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 4/5 \\ 3/5 \end{bmatrix}.$
30. $[1 \ -1], [-1 \ 2].$
31. $[-2 \ 1], [1 \ 1].$
32. $[-2 \ 1], [2 \ 3].$
33. $[-3 \ 2], [1 \ 1].$
34. $[1 \ -2 \ 1], [1 \ 0 \ 1], [-1 \ 0 \ 1].$
35. $[1 \ 0 \ 1], [2 \ 1 \ 2], [-1 \ 0 \ 1].$
36. $[-2 \ -3 \ 4], [1 \ 0 \ 0], [2 \ 3 \ 3].$
37. $[1 \ -1 \ 0], [1 \ 1 \ 1], [1 \ 1 \ -2].$
38. $\mathbf{Ax} = \lambda\mathbf{x}$, so $(\mathbf{Ax})^T = (\lambda\mathbf{x})^T$, and $\mathbf{x}^T\mathbf{A} = \lambda\mathbf{x}^T.$
39. $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}.$
40. $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{2}{5} & \frac{3}{5} \end{bmatrix}.$
41. $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{8} & \frac{2}{8} & \frac{5}{8} \end{bmatrix}.$
42. (a) $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{6} & \frac{5}{6} \end{bmatrix}.$ (b) $\frac{1}{6}.$
43. $[7/11 \ 4/11]$; probability of having a Republican is $7/11 = 0.636.$
44. $[23/120 \ 71/120 \ 26/120]$; probability of a good harvest is $26/120 = 0.217.$
45. $[40/111 \ 65/111 \ 6/111]$; probability of a person using brand \mathbf{Y} is $65/111 = 0.586$

Section 6.4

1. 9. 2. 9.2426. 3. $5 + 8 + \lambda = -4, \lambda = -17.$
4. $(5)(8)\lambda = -4, \lambda = -0.1.$ 5. Their product is $-24.$
6. (a) $-6, 8;$ (b) $-15, 20;$ (c) $-6, 1;$ (d) $1, 8.$
7. (a) $4, 4, 16;$ (b) $-8, 8, 64;$ (c) $6, -6, -12;$ (d) $1, 5, 7.$
8. (a) $2\mathbf{A},$ (b) $5\mathbf{A},$ (c) $\mathbf{A}^2,$ (d) $\mathbf{A} + 3\mathbf{I}.$
9. (a) $2\mathbf{A},$ (b) $\mathbf{A}^2,$ (c) $\mathbf{A}^3,$ (d) $\mathbf{A} - 2\mathbf{I}.$

Section 6.5

$$1. \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 2. \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 3. \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 4. \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$5. \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 6. \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 7. \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ -4 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$8. \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 5 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 9. \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 10. \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$11. \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 12. \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 13. \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$14. \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 15. \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$16. \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Section 6.6

| 1. Iteration | Eigenvector components | Eigenvalue |
|--------------|------------------------|------------|
| 0 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 |
| 1 | 0.6000 | 1.0000 |
| 2 | 0.5238 | 1.0000 |
| 3 | 0.5059 | 1.0000 |
| 4 | 0.5015 | 1.0000 |
| 5 | 0.5004 | 1.0000 |

| 2. Iteration | Eigenvector components | Eigenvalue |
|--------------|------------------------|------------|
| 0 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 |
| 1 | 0.5000 | 1.0000 |
| 2 | 0.5000 | 1.0000 |
| 3 | 0.5000 | 1.0000 |

| 3. | Iteration | Eigenvector components | | Eigenvalue |
|----|-----------|------------------------|--------|------------|
| | 0 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | |
| | 1 | 0.6000 | 1.0000 | 15.0000 |
| | 2 | 0.6842 | 1.0000 | 11.4000 |
| | 3 | 0.6623 | 1.0000 | 12.1579 |
| | 4 | 0.6678 | 1.0000 | 11.9610 |
| | 5 | 0.6664 | 1.0000 | 12.0098 |

| 4. | Iteration | Eigenvector components | | Eigenvalue |
|----|-----------|------------------------|--------|------------|
| | 0 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | |
| | 1 | 0.5000 | 1.0000 | 2.0000 |
| | 2 | 0.2500 | 1.0000 | 4.0000 |
| | 3 | 0.2000 | 1.0000 | 5.0000 |
| | 4 | 0.1923 | 1.0000 | 5.2000 |
| | 5 | 0.1912 | 1.0000 | 5.2308 |

| 5. | Iteration | Eigenvector components | | Eigenvalue |
|----|-----------|------------------------|--------|------------|
| | 0 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | |
| | 1 | 1.0000 | 0.6000 | 10.0000 |
| | 2 | 1.0000 | 0.5217 | 9.2000 |
| | 3 | 1.0000 | 0.5048 | 9.0435 |
| | 4 | 1.0000 | 0.5011 | 9.0096 |
| | 5 | 1.0000 | 0.5002 | 9.0021 |

| 6. | Iteration | Eigenvector components | | Eigenvalue |
|----|-----------|------------------------|--------|------------|
| | 0 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | |
| | 1 | 1.0000 | 0.4545 | 11.0000 |
| | 2 | 1.0000 | 0.4175 | 9.3636 |
| | 3 | 1.0000 | 0.4145 | 9.2524 |
| | 4 | 1.0000 | 0.4142 | 9.2434 |
| | 5 | 1.0000 | 0.4142 | 9.2427 |

| 7. | Iteration | Eigenvector components | | | Eigenvalue |
|----|-----------|------------------------|--------|--------|------------|
| | 0 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | |
| | 1 | 0.2500 | 1.0000 | 0.8333 | 12.0000 |
| | 2 | 0.0763 | 1.0000 | 0.7797 | 9.8333 |
| | 3 | 0.0247 | 1.0000 | 0.7605 | 9.2712 |
| | 4 | 0.0081 | 1.0000 | 0.7537 | 9.0914 |
| | 5 | 0.0027 | 1.0000 | 0.7513 | 9.0310 |

| 8. | Iteration | Eigenvector components | | | Eigenvalue |
|----|-----------|------------------------|--------|--------|------------|
| | 0 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | |
| | 1 | 0.6923 | 0.6923 | 1.0000 | 13.0000 |
| | 2 | 0.5586 | 0.7241 | 1.0000 | 11.1538 |
| | 3 | 0.4723 | 0.6912 | 1.0000 | 11.3448 |
| | 4 | 0.4206 | 0.6850 | 1.0000 | 11.1471 |
| | 5 | 0.3883 | 0.6774 | 1.0000 | 11.1101 |

| 9. | Iteration | Eigenvector components | | | Eigenvalue |
|----|-----------|------------------------|--------|--------|------------|
| | 0 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | |
| | 1 | 0.4000 | 0.7000 | 1.0000 | 20.0000 |
| | 2 | 0.3415 | 0.6707 | 1.0000 | 16.4000 |
| | 3 | 0.3343 | 0.6672 | 1.0000 | 16.0488 |
| | 4 | 0.3335 | 0.6667 | 1.0000 | 16.0061 |
| | 5 | 0.3333 | 0.6667 | 1.0000 | 16.0008 |

| 10. | Iteration | Eigenvector components | | | Eigenvalue |
|-----|-----------|------------------------|--------|---------|------------|
| | 0 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | |
| | 1 | 0.4000 | 1.0000 | 0.3000 | -20.0000 |
| | 2 | 1.0000 | 0.7447 | 0.0284 | -14.1000 |
| | 3 | 0.5244 | 1.0000 | -0.3683 | -19.9504 |
| | 4 | 1.0000 | 0.7168 | -0.5303 | -18.5293 |
| | 5 | 0.6814 | 1.0000 | -0.7423 | -20.3976 |

11. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ is a linear combination of $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -4 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$, which are eigenvectors corresponding to $\lambda = 1$ and $\lambda = 2$, not $\lambda = 3$. Thus, the power method converges to $\lambda = 2$.

12. There is no single dominant eigenvalue. Here, $|\lambda_1| = |\lambda_2| = \sqrt{34}$.

13. Shift by $\lambda = 4$. Power method on $\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ converges after three iterations to $\mu = -3$. $\lambda + \mu = 1$.

14. Shift by $\lambda = 16$. Power method on $\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} -13 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & -10 & 6 \\ 3 & 6 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$ converges after three iterations to $\mu = -14$. $\lambda + \mu = 2$.

| 15. | Iteration | Eigenvector components | | Eigenvalue |
|-----|-----------|------------------------|---------|------------|
| | 0 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | |
| | 1 | -0.3333 | 1.0000 | 0.6000 |
| | 2 | 1.0000 | -0.7778 | 0.6000 |
| | 3 | -0.9535 | 1.0000 | 0.9556 |
| | 4 | 1.0000 | 0.9904 | 0.9721 |
| | 5 | -0.9981 | 1.0000 | 0.9981 |

| 16. | Iteration | Eigenvector components | | Eigenvalue |
|-----|-----------|------------------------|---------|------------|
| | 0 | 1.0000 | -0.5000 | |
| | 1 | -0.8571 | 1.0000 | 0.2917 |
| | 2 | 1.0000 | -0.9615 | 0.3095 |
| | 3 | -0.9903 | 1.0000 | 0.3301 |
| | 4 | 1.0000 | 0.9976 | 0.3317 |
| | 5 | -0.9994 | 1.0000 | 0.3331 |

| 17. | Iteration | Eigenvector components | | Eigenvalue |
|-----|-----------|------------------------|--------|------------|
| | 0 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | |
| | 1 | 0.2000 | 1.0000 | 0.2778 |
| | 2 | -0.1892 | 1.0000 | 0.4111 |
| | 3 | -0.2997 | 1.0000 | 0.4760 |
| | 4 | -0.3258 | 1.0000 | 0.4944 |
| | 5 | -0.3316 | 1.0000 | 0.4987 |

| 18. | Iteration | Eigenvector components | | Eigenvalue |
|-----|-----------|------------------------|--------|------------|
| | 0 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | |
| | 1 | -0.2000 | 1.0000 | 0.7143 |
| | 2 | -0.3953 | 1.0000 | 1.2286 |
| | 3 | -0.4127 | 1.0000 | 1.3123 |
| | 4 | -0.4141 | 1.0000 | 1.3197 |
| | 5 | -0.4142 | 1.0000 | 1.3203 |

| 19. | Iteration | Eigenvector components | | | Eigenvalue |
|-----|-----------|------------------------|--------|---------|------------|
| | 0 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | |
| | 1 | 1.0000 | 0.4000 | -0.2000 | 0.3125 |
| | 2 | 1.0000 | 0.2703 | -0.4595 | 0.4625 |
| | 3 | 1.0000 | 0.2526 | -0.4949 | 0.4949 |
| | 4 | 1.0000 | 0.2503 | -0.4994 | 0.4994 |
| | 5 | 1.0000 | 0.2500 | -0.4999 | 0.4999 |

| 20. | Iteration | Eigenvector components | | | Eigenvalue |
|-----|-----------|------------------------|--------|--------|------------|
| | 0 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | |
| | 1 | 0.3846 | 1.0000 | 0.9487 | -0.1043 |
| | 2 | 0.5004 | 0.7042 | 1.0000 | -0.0969 |
| | 3 | 0.3296 | 0.7720 | 1.0000 | -0.0916 |
| | 4 | 0.3857 | 0.6633 | 1.0000 | -0.0940 |
| | 5 | 0.3244 | 0.7002 | 1.0000 | -0.0907 |

| 21. | Iteration | Eigenvector components | | | Eigenvalue |
|-----|-----------|------------------------|--------|---------|------------|
| | 0 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | |
| | 1 | -0.6667 | 1.0000 | -0.6667 | -1.5000 |
| | 2 | -0.3636 | 1.0000 | -0.3636 | 1.8333 |
| | 3 | -0.2963 | 1.0000 | -0.2963 | 1.2273 |
| | 4 | -0.2712 | 1.0000 | -0.2712 | 1.0926 |
| | 5 | -0.2602 | 1.0000 | -0.2602 | 1.0424 |

22. Cannot construct an **LU** decomposition. Shift as explained in Problem 13.

23. Cannot solve $\mathbf{Lx}_1 = \mathbf{y}$ uniquely for \mathbf{x}_1 because one eigenvalue is zero. Shift as explained in Problem 13.

24. Yes, on occasion.

25. Inverse power method applied to $\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} -7 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & -4 & 6 \\ 3 & 6 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ converges to $\mu = 1/6$.

$$\lambda + 1/\mu = 10 + 6 = 16.$$

26. Inverse power method applied to $\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 27 & -17 & 7 \\ -17 & 21 & 1 \\ 7 & 1 & 11 \end{bmatrix}$ converges to

$$\mu = 1/3. \lambda + 1/\mu = -25 + 3 = -22.$$

CHAPTER 7

Section 7.1

1. (a) $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -4 & 8 \\ 0 & 4 & -8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 8 & -16 \\ 0 & -8 & 16 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix};$

(b) $\begin{bmatrix} 57 & 78 \\ 117 & 174 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 234 & 348 \\ 522 & 756 \end{bmatrix}.$

2. $p_k(\mathbf{A}) = \begin{bmatrix} p_k(\lambda_1) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & p_k(\lambda_2) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & p_k(\lambda_3) \end{bmatrix}.$

4. In general, $\mathbf{AB} \neq \mathbf{BA}$.

5. Yes. 6. $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$. 7. $\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 3/2 \end{bmatrix}$.

8. 2–2 element tends to ∞ , so limit diverges. 9. a, b, d , and f .

10. f . 11. All except c . 13. $\begin{bmatrix} e & 0 \\ 0 & e^2 \end{bmatrix}$. 14. $\begin{bmatrix} e^{-1} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{28} \end{bmatrix}$.

15. $\begin{bmatrix} e^2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & e^{-2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$. 16. $\sin(\mathbf{A}) = \begin{bmatrix} \sin(\lambda_1) & 0 & \cdots & 0 \\ 0 & \sin(\lambda_2) & \cdots & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \cdots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & \cdots & \sin(\lambda_n) \end{bmatrix}$.

17. $\begin{bmatrix} \sin(1) & 0 \\ 0 & \sin(2) \end{bmatrix}$. 18. $\begin{bmatrix} \sin(-1) & 0 \\ 0 & \sin(28) \end{bmatrix}$.

19. $\cos \mathbf{A} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \mathbf{A}^{2k}}{(2k)!}$, $\cos \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(1) & 0 \\ 0 & \cos(2) \end{bmatrix}$.

20. $\begin{bmatrix} \cos(2) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos(-2) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

Section 7.2

1. $\mathbf{A}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ 3/2 & -1/2 \end{bmatrix}$. 2. Since $\alpha_0 = 0$, the inverse does not exist.

3. Since $\alpha_0 = 0$, the inverse does not exist.

4. $\mathbf{A}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} -1/3 & -1/3 & 2/3 \\ -1/3 & 1/6 & 1/6 \\ 1/2 & 1/4 & -1/4 \end{bmatrix}$. 5. $\mathbf{A}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

Section 7.3

1. $1 = \alpha_1 + \alpha_0$, $\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 3 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$. 2. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

3. $0 = \alpha_0$, $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$.

4. $0 = \alpha_0$, $1 = -\alpha_1 + \alpha_0$; $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -6 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$. 5. $\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 6 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$. 6. $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

$$7. \begin{aligned} 3^{78} &= 3\alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\ 4^{78} &= 4^{78} = 4\alpha_1 + \alpha_0; \end{aligned} \quad \begin{bmatrix} -4^{78} + 2(3^{78}) & -4^{78} + 3^{78} \\ 2(4^{78}) - 2(3^{78}) & 2(4^{78}) - 3^{78} \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$8. \begin{bmatrix} -4^{41} + 2(3^{41}) & -4^{41} + 3^{41} \\ 2(4^{41}) - 2(3^{41}) & 2(4^{41}) - 3^{41} \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$9. \begin{aligned} 1 &= \alpha_2 + \alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\ 1 &= \alpha_2 - \alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\ 2^{222} &= 4\alpha_2 + 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_0; \end{aligned} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & (-4 + 4(2^{222}))/3 \\ 0 & 1 & (-2 + 2(2^{222}))/3 \\ 0 & 0 & 2^{222} \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$10. \begin{aligned} 3^{17} &= 9\alpha_2 + 3\alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\ 5^{17} &= 25\alpha_2 + 5\alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\ 10^{17} &= 100\alpha_2 + 10\alpha_1 + \alpha_0. \end{aligned} \quad 11. \begin{aligned} 2^{25} &= 8\alpha_3 + 4\alpha_2 + 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\ (-2)^{25} &= -8\alpha_3 + 4\alpha_2 - 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\ 3^{25} &= 27\alpha_3 + 9\alpha_2 + 3\alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\ 4^{25} &= 64\alpha_3 + 16\alpha_2 + 4\alpha_1 + \alpha_0. \end{aligned}$$

$$12. \begin{aligned} 1 &= \alpha_3 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\ (-2)^{25} &= -8\alpha_3 + 4\alpha_2 - 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\ 3^{25} &= 27\alpha_3 + 9\alpha_2 + 3\alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\ (-4)^{25} &= -64\alpha_3 + 16\alpha_2 - 4\alpha_1 + \alpha_0. \end{aligned}$$

$$13. \begin{aligned} 1 &= \alpha_4 + \alpha_3 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\ 1 &= \alpha_4 - \alpha_3 + \alpha_2 - \alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\ 256 &= 16\alpha_4 + 8\alpha_3 + 4\alpha_2 + 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\ 256 &= 16\alpha_4 - 8\alpha_3 + 4\alpha_2 - 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\ 6,561 &= 81\alpha_4 + 27\alpha_3 + 9\alpha_2 + 3\alpha_1 + \alpha_0. \end{aligned}$$

$$14. \begin{aligned} 5,837 &= 9\alpha_2 + 3\alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\ 381,255 &= 25\alpha_2 + 5\alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\ 10^8 - 3(10)^5 + 5 &= 100\alpha_2 + 10\alpha_1 + \alpha_0. \end{aligned}$$

$$15. \begin{aligned} 165 &= 8\alpha_3 + 4\alpha_2 + 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\ 357 &= -8\alpha_3 + 4\alpha_2 - 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\ 5,837 &= 27\alpha_3 + 9\alpha_2 + 3\alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\ 62,469 &= 64\alpha_3 + 16\alpha_2 + 4\alpha_1 + \alpha_0. \end{aligned}$$

$$16. \begin{aligned} 3 &= \alpha_3 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\ 357 &= -8\alpha_3 + 4\alpha_2 - 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\ 5,837 &= 27\alpha_3 + 9\alpha_2 + 3\alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\ 68,613 &= -64\alpha_3 + 16\alpha_2 - 4\alpha_1 + \alpha_0. \end{aligned}$$

$$17. \begin{aligned} 15 &= \alpha_3 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\ 960 &= -8\alpha_3 + 4\alpha_2 - 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\ 59,235 &= 27\alpha_3 + 9\alpha_2 + 3\alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\ 1,048,160 &= -64\alpha_3 + 16\alpha_2 - 4\alpha_1 + \alpha_0. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 18. \quad 15 &= \alpha_4 + \alpha_3 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\
 -13 &= \alpha_4 - \alpha_3 + \alpha_2 - \alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\
 1,088 &= 16\alpha_4 + 8\alpha_3 + 4\alpha_2 + 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\
 960 &= 16\alpha_4 - 8\alpha_3 + 4\alpha_2 - 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\
 59,235 &= 81\alpha_4 + 27\alpha_3 + 9\alpha_2 + 3\alpha_1 + \alpha_0.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$19. \begin{bmatrix} 9 & -9 \\ 3 & -3 \end{bmatrix}, \quad 20. \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -9 \\ 3 & -6 \end{bmatrix}, \quad 21. \begin{bmatrix} -50,801 & -56,632 \\ 113,264 & 119,095 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$22. \begin{bmatrix} 3,007 & -5,120 \\ 1,024 & -3,067 \end{bmatrix}, \quad 23. \begin{bmatrix} 938 & 160 \\ -32 & 1130 \end{bmatrix}, \quad 24. \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -4 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -5 & -2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$25. \begin{aligned}
 2,569 &= 4\alpha_2 + 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\
 5,633 &= 4\alpha_2 - 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\
 5 &= \alpha_2 + \alpha_1 + \alpha_0.
 \end{aligned}
 \begin{bmatrix} -339 & -766 & 1110 \\ -4440 & 4101 & 344 \\ -1376 & -3064 & 4445 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$26. \begin{aligned}
 0.814453 &= 0.25\alpha_2 + 0.5\alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\
 0.810547 &= 0.25\alpha_2 - 0.5\alpha_1 + \alpha_0, \\
 0.988285 &= 0.0625\alpha_2 + 0.25\alpha_1 + \alpha_0.
 \end{aligned}
 \begin{bmatrix} 1.045578 & 0.003906 & -0.932312 \\ 0.058270 & 0.812500 & -0.229172 \\ 0.014323 & 0.000977 & 0.755207 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Section 7.4

1. $128 = 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_0,$
 $448 = \alpha_1.$
2. $128 = 4\alpha_2 + 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_0,$
 $448 = 4\alpha_2 + \alpha_1,$
 $1,344 = 2\alpha_2.$
3. $128 = 4\alpha_2 + 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_0,$
 $448 = 4\alpha_2 + \alpha_1,$
 $1 = \alpha_2 + \alpha_1 + \alpha_0.$
4. $59,049 = 3\alpha_1 + \alpha_0,$
 $196,830 = \alpha_1.$
5. $59,049 = 9\alpha_2 + 3\alpha_1 + \alpha_0,$
 $196,830 = 6\alpha_2 + \alpha_1,$
 $590,490 = 2\alpha_2.$
6. $59,049 = 27\alpha_3 + 9\alpha_2 + 3\alpha_1 + \alpha_0,$
 $196,830 = 27\alpha_3 + 6\alpha_2 + \alpha_1,$
 $590,490 = 18\alpha_3 + 2\alpha_2,$
 $1,574,640 = 6\alpha_3.$
7. $512 = 8\alpha_3 + 4\alpha_2 + 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_0,$
 $2,304 = 12\alpha_3 + 4\alpha_2 + \alpha_1,$
 $9,216 = 12\alpha_3 + 2\alpha_2,$
 $32,256 = 6\alpha_3.$
8. $512 = 8\alpha_3 + 4\alpha_2 + 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_0,$
 $2,304 = 12\alpha_3 + 4\alpha_2 + \alpha_1,$
 $9,216 = 12\alpha_3 + 2\alpha_2,$
 $1 = \alpha_3 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_1 + \alpha_0.$
9. $512 = 8\alpha_3 + 4\alpha_2 + 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_0,$
 $2,304 = 12\alpha_3 + 4\alpha_2 + \alpha_1,$
 $1 = \alpha_3 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_1 + \alpha_0.$
 $9 = 3\alpha_3 + 2\alpha_2 + \alpha_1.$

$$\begin{aligned}
 10. \quad & (5)^{10} - 3(5)^5 = \alpha_5(5)^5 + \alpha_4(5)^4 + \alpha_3(5)^3 + \alpha_2(5)^2 + \alpha_1(5) + \alpha_0, \\
 & 10(5)^9 - 15(5)^4 = 5\alpha_5(5)^4 + 4\alpha_4(5)^3 + 3\alpha_3(5)^2 + 2\alpha_2(5) + \alpha_1, \\
 & 90(5)^8 - 60(5)^3 = 20\alpha_5(5)^3 + 12\alpha_4(5)^2 + 6\alpha_3(5) + 2\alpha_2, \\
 & 720(5)^7 - 180(5)^2 = 60\alpha_5(5)^2 + 24\alpha_4(5) + 6\alpha_3, \\
 & (2)^{10} - 3(2)^5 = \alpha_5(2)^5 + \alpha_4(2)^4 + \alpha_3(2)^3 + \alpha_2(2)^2 + \alpha_1(2) + \alpha_0, \\
 & 10(2)^9 - 15(2)^4 = 5\alpha_5(2)^4 + 4\alpha_4(2)^3 + 3\alpha_3(2)^2 + 2\alpha_2(2) + \alpha_1.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$11. \quad \begin{bmatrix} 729 & 0 \\ 0 & 729 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 12. \quad \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 1 & -3 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 5 & 1 & -4 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 13. \quad \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Section 7.5

1. $e = \alpha_1 + \alpha_0,$ 2. $e^2 = 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_0,$ 3. $e^2 = 4\alpha_2 + 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_0,$
 $e^2 = 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_0.$ $e^2 = \alpha_1.$ $e^2 = 4\alpha_2 + \alpha_1,$
 $e^2 = 2\alpha_2.$
4. $e^1 = \alpha_2 + \alpha_1 + \alpha_0,$ 5. $e^{-2} = 4\alpha_2 - 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_0,$
 $e^{-2} = 4\alpha_2 - 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_0,$ $e^{-2} = -4\alpha_2 + \alpha_1,$
 $e^3 = 9\alpha_2 + 3\alpha_1 + \alpha_0.$ $e^1 = \alpha_2 + \alpha_1 + \alpha_0.$
6. $\sin(1) = \alpha_2 + \alpha_1 + \alpha_0,$ 7. $\sin(-2) = 4\alpha_2 - 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_0,$
 $\sin(2) = 4\alpha_2 + 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_0,$ $\cos(-2) = -4\alpha_2 + \alpha_1,$
 $\sin(3) = 9\alpha_2 + 3\alpha_1 + \alpha_0.$ $\sin(1) = \alpha_2 + \alpha_1 + \alpha_0.$
8. $e^2 = 8\alpha_3 + 4\alpha_2 + 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_0,$ 9. $e^2 = 8\alpha_3 + 4\alpha_2 + 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_0,$
 $e^2 = 12\alpha_3 + 4\alpha_2 + \alpha_1,$ $e^2 = 12\alpha_3 + 4\alpha_2 + \alpha_1,$
 $e^2 = 12\alpha_3 + 2\alpha_2,$ $e^{-2} = -8\alpha_3 + 4\alpha_2 - 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_0,$
 $e^2 = 6\alpha_3.$ $e^{-2} = 12\alpha_3 - 4\alpha_2 + \alpha_1.$
10. $\sin(2) = 8\alpha_3 + 4\alpha_2 + 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_0,$
 $\cos(2) = 12\alpha_3 + 4\alpha_2 + \alpha_1,$
 $\sin(-2) = -8\alpha_3 + 4\alpha_2 - 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_0,$
 $\cos(-2) = 12\alpha_3 - 4\alpha_2 + \alpha_1.$
11. $e^3 = 27\alpha_3 + 9\alpha_2 + 3\alpha_1 + \alpha_0,$
 $e^3 = 27\alpha_3 + 6\alpha_2 + \alpha_1,$
 $e^3 = 18\alpha_3 + 2\alpha_2,$
 $e^{-1} = -\alpha_3 + \alpha_2 - \alpha_1 + \alpha_0.$
12. $\cos(3) = 27\alpha_3 + 9\alpha_2 + 3\alpha_1 + \alpha_0,$
 $-\sin(3) = 27\alpha_3 + 6\alpha_2 + \alpha_1,$
 $-\cos(3) = 18\alpha_3 + 2\alpha_2,$
 $\cos(-1) = -\alpha_3 + \alpha_2 - \alpha_1 + \alpha_0.$

$$13. \frac{1}{7} \begin{bmatrix} 3e^5 + 4e^{-2} & 3e^5 - 3e^{-2} \\ 4e^5 - 4e^{-2} & 4e^5 + 3e^{-2} \end{bmatrix}. \quad 14. e^3 \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$15. e^2 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 3 \\ -1 & 2 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}. \quad 16. \frac{1}{16} \begin{bmatrix} 12e^2 + 4e^{-2} & 4e^2 - 4e^{-2} & 38e^2 + 2e^{-2} \\ 12e^2 - 12e^{-2} & 4e^2 + 12e^{-2} & 46e^2 - 6e^{-2} \\ 0 & 0 & 16e^2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$17. \frac{1}{5} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 6 \\ 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$18. (a) \begin{bmatrix} \log(3/2) & \log(3/2) - \log(1/2) \\ 0 & \log(1/2) \end{bmatrix}.$$

(b) and (c) are not defined since they possess eigenvalues having absolute value greater than 1.

$$(d) \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Section 7.6

$$1. \frac{1}{7} \begin{bmatrix} 3e^{8t} + 4e^t & 4e^{8t} - 4e^t \\ 3e^{8t} - 3e^t & 4e^{8t} + 3e^t \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$2. \begin{bmatrix} (2/\sqrt{3}) \sinh \sqrt{3t} + \cosh \sqrt{3t} & (1/\sqrt{3}) \sinh \sqrt{3t} \\ (-1/\sqrt{3}) \sinh \sqrt{3t} & (-2/\sqrt{3}) \sinh \sqrt{3t} + \cosh \sqrt{3t} \end{bmatrix}.$$

Note:

$$\sinh \sqrt{3t} = \frac{e^{\sqrt{3t}} - e^{-\sqrt{3t}}}{2} \quad \text{and} \quad \cosh \sqrt{3t} = \frac{e^{\sqrt{3t}} + e^{-\sqrt{3t}}}{2}.$$

$$3. e^{3t} \begin{bmatrix} 1+t & t \\ -t & 1-t \end{bmatrix}. \quad 4. \begin{bmatrix} 1.4e^{-2t} - 0.4e^{-7t} & 0.2e^{-2t} - 0.2e^{-7t} \\ -2.8e^{-2t} + 2.8e^{-7t} & -0.4e^{-2t} + 1.4e^{-7t} \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$5. \begin{bmatrix} 0.8e^{-2t} + 0.2e^{-7t} & 0.4e^{-2t} - 0.4e^{-7t} \\ 0.4e^{-2t} - 0.4e^{-7t} & 0.2e^{-2t} + 0.8e^{-7t} \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$6. \begin{bmatrix} 0.5e^{-4t} + 0.5e^{-16t} & 0.5e^{-4t} - 0.5e^{-16t} \\ 0.5e^{-4t} - 0.5e^{-16t} & 0.5e^{-4t} + 0.5e^{-16t} \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$7. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & t & t^2/2 \\ 0 & 1 & t \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$8. \frac{1}{12} \begin{bmatrix} 12e^t & 0 & 0 \\ -9e^t + 14e^{3t} - 5e^{-3t} & 8e^{3t} + 4e^{-3t} & 4e^{3t} - 4e^{-3t} \\ -24e^t + 14e^{3t} + 10e^{-3t} & 8e^{3t} - 8e^{-3t} & 4e^{3t} + 8e^{-3t} \end{bmatrix}.$$

Section 7.7

$$1. \begin{bmatrix} (1/2) \sin 2t + \cos 2t & (-1/2) \sin 2t \\ (5/2) \sin 2t & (-1/2) \sin 2t + \cos 2t \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$2. \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{2} \sin \sqrt{2}t + \cos \sqrt{2}t & -\sqrt{2} \sin \sqrt{2}t \\ (3/\sqrt{2}) \sin \sqrt{2}t & -\sqrt{2} \sin \sqrt{2}t + \cos \sqrt{2}t \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$3. \begin{bmatrix} \cos(8t) & \frac{1}{8} \sin(8t) \\ -8 \sin(8t) & \cos(8t) \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$4. \frac{1}{4} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \sin(8t) + 4 \cos(8t) & -4 \sin(8t) \\ 5 \sin(8t) & -2 \sin(8t) + 4 \cos(8t) \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$5. \begin{bmatrix} 2 \sin(t) + \cos(t) & 5 \sin(t) \\ -\sin(t) & -2 \sin(t) + \cos(t) \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$6. \frac{1}{3} e^{-4t} \begin{bmatrix} 4 \sin(3t) + 3 \cos(3t) & \sin(3t) \\ -25 \sin(3t) & -4 \sin(3t) + 3 \cos(3t) \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$7. e^{4t} \begin{bmatrix} -\sin t + \cos t & \sin t \\ -2 \sin t & \sin t + \cos t \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$8. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 + 2 \cos(t) + \sin(t) & -5 + 5 \cos(t) \\ 0 & \cos(t) - 2 \sin(t) & -5 \sin(t) \\ 0 & \sin(t) & \cos(t) + 2 \sin(t) \end{bmatrix}.$$

Section 7.8

3. \mathbf{A} does not have an inverse.

$$8. e^{\mathbf{A}} = \begin{bmatrix} e & e-1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad e^{\mathbf{B}} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & e-1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad e^{\mathbf{A}}e^{\mathbf{B}} = \begin{bmatrix} e & 2e^2 - 2e \\ 0 & e \end{bmatrix},$$

$$e^{\mathbf{B}}e^{\mathbf{A}} = \begin{bmatrix} e & 2e-2 \\ 0 & e \end{bmatrix}, \quad e^{\mathbf{A}+\mathbf{B}} = \begin{bmatrix} e & 2e \\ 0 & e \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$9. \mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{B} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix}. \quad \text{Also see Problem 10.}$$

11. First show that for any integer n , $(\mathbf{P}^{-1}\mathbf{B}\mathbf{P})^n = \mathbf{P}^{-1}\mathbf{B}^n\mathbf{P}$, and then use Eq. (6) directly.

Section 7.9

$$1. \text{ (a) } \begin{bmatrix} -\sin t & 2t \\ 2 & e^{(t-1)} \end{bmatrix}, \quad \text{(b) } \begin{bmatrix} 6t^2 e^{t^3} & 2t-1 & 0 \\ 2t+3 & 2 \cos 2t & 1 \\ -18t \cos^2(3t^2) \sin(3t^2) & 0 & 1/t \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$4. \begin{bmatrix} \sin t + c_1 & \frac{1}{3}t^3 - t + c_2 \\ t^2 + c_3 & e^{(t-1)} + c_4 \end{bmatrix}.$$

CHAPTER 8

Section 8.1

$$1. \mathbf{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} x(t) \\ y(t) \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{A}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{f}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{c} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}, t_0 = 0.$$

$$2. \mathbf{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} y(t) \\ z(t) \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{A}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{f}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{c} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, t_0 = 0.$$

$$3. \mathbf{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} x(t) \\ y(t) \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{A}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 3 \\ 4 & -4 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{f}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{c} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, t_0 = 0.$$

$$4. \mathbf{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} x(t) \\ y(t) \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{A}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{f}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} t \\ t+1 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{c} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, t_0 = 0.$$

$$5. \mathbf{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} x(t) \\ y(t) \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{A}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 3t^2 & 7 \\ 1 & t \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{f}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2t \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{c} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}, t_0 = 1.$$

$$6. \mathbf{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} u(t) \\ v(t) \\ w(t) \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{A}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} e^t & t & 1 \\ t^2 & -3 & t+1 \\ 0 & 1 & e^{t^2} \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{f}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{c} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, t_0 = 4.$$

$$7. \mathbf{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} x(t) \\ y(t) \\ z(t) \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{A}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 6 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & -3 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{f}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{c} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 10 \\ 20 \end{bmatrix}, t_0 = 0.$$

$$8. \mathbf{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} r(t) \\ s(t) \\ u(t) \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{A}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} t^2 & -3 & -\sin t \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & e^t & t^2 - 1 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{f}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} \sin t \\ t^2 - 1 \\ \cos t \end{bmatrix},$$

$$\mathbf{c} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -2 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}, t_0 = 1.$$

9. Only (c). 10. Only (c). 11. Only (b).

Section 8.2

$$1. \mathbf{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} x_1(t) \\ x_2(t) \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{A}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{f}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{c} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}, t_0 = 0.$$

$$2. \mathbf{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} x_1(t) \\ x_2(t) \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{A}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ t & -e^t \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{f}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{c} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, t_0 = 1.$$

$$3. \mathbf{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} x_1(t) \\ x_2(t) \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{A}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{f}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ t^2 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{c} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, t_0 = 0.$$

$$4. \mathbf{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} x_1(t) \\ x_2(t) \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{A}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2e^t \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{f}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2e^{-t} \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{c} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, t_0 = 0.$$

$$5. \mathbf{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} x_1(t) \\ x_2(t) \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{A}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{f}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ e^{-t} \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{c} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, t_0 = 1.$$

$$6. \mathbf{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} x_1(t) \\ x_2(t) \\ x_3(t) \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{A}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1/4 & 0 & -t/4 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{f}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{c} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ -205 \end{bmatrix},$$

$$t_0 = -1.$$

$$7. \mathbf{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} x_1(t) \\ x_2(t) \\ x_3(t) \\ x_4(t) \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{A}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & e^{-t} & -te^{-t} & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{f}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ e^{-t} \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{c} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ \pi \\ e^3 \end{bmatrix},$$

$$t_0 = 0.$$

$$8. \mathbf{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} x_1(t) \\ x_2(t) \\ x_3(t) \\ x_4(t) \\ x_5(t) \\ x_6(t) \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{A}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -4 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{f}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ t^2 - t \end{bmatrix},$$

$$\mathbf{c} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, t_0 = \pi.$$

Section 8.3

$$1. \mathbf{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} x_1(t) \\ x_2(t) \\ y_1(t) \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{A}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \\ 5 & 0 & -6 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{f}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{c} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 8 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix}, t_0 = 0.$$

$$2. \mathbf{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} x_1(t) \\ x_2(t) \\ y_1(t) \\ y_2(t) \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{A}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{f}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{c} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}, t_0 = 0.$$

$$3. \mathbf{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} x_1(t) \\ y_1(t) \\ y_2(t) \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{A}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 0 & t^2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ t^2 & t & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{f}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{c} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, t_0 = 2.$$

$$4. \mathbf{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} x_1(t) \\ y_1(t) \\ y_2(t) \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{A}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & t & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{f}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} t \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{c} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, t_0 = 3.$$

$$5. \mathbf{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} x_1(t) \\ x_2(t) \\ y_1(t) \\ y_2(t) \\ y_3(t) \\ y_4(t) \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{A}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ t & 0 & -t & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{f}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -t \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -e^t \end{bmatrix},$$

$$\mathbf{c} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 3 \\ 9 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}, t_0 = -1.$$

$$6. \mathbf{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} x_1(t) \\ x_2(t) \\ x_3(t) \\ y_1(t) \\ y_2(t) \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{A}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{f}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix},$$

$$\mathbf{c} = \begin{bmatrix} 21 \\ 4 \\ -5 \\ 5 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}, t_0 = 0.$$

$$7. \mathbf{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} x_1(t) \\ y_1(t) \\ y_2(t) \\ z_1(t) \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{A}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{f}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \\ -2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{c} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 17 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, t_0 = \pi.$$

$$8. \mathbf{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} x_1(t) \\ x_2(t) \\ y_1(t) \\ y_2(t) \\ z_1(t) \\ z_2(t) \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{A}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{f}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix},$$

$$\mathbf{c} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -4 \\ 5 \\ -5 \\ 9 \\ -9 \end{bmatrix}, t_0 = 20.$$

Section 8.4

$$3. (a) e^{-3t} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -t & t^2/2 \\ 0 & 1 & -t \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad (b) e^{3(t-2)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & (t-2) & (t-2)^2/2 \\ 0 & 1 & (t-2) \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix},$$

$$(c) e^{3(t-s)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & (t-2) & (t-s)^2/2 \\ 0 & 1 & (t-s) \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix},$$

$$(d) e^{-3(t-2)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -(t-2) & (t-2)^2/2 \\ 0 & 1 & -(t-s) \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$5. (a) \frac{1}{6} \begin{bmatrix} 2e^{-5t} + 4e^t & 2e^{-5t} - 2e^t \\ 4e^{-5t} - 4e^t & 4e^{-5t} + 2e^t \end{bmatrix}, \quad (b) \frac{1}{6} \begin{bmatrix} 2e^{-5s} + 4e^s & 2e^{-5s} - 2e^s \\ 4e^{-5s} - 4e^s & 4e^{-5s} + 2e^s \end{bmatrix},$$

$$(c) \frac{1}{6} \begin{bmatrix} 2e^{5(t-3)} + 4e^{-(t-3)} & 2e^{5(t-3)} - 2e^{-(t-3)} \\ 4e^{5(t-3)} - 4e^{-(t-3)} & 4e^{5(t-3)} + 2e^{-(t-3)} \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$6. (a) \frac{1}{3} \begin{bmatrix} \sin 3t + 3 \cos 3t & -5 \sin 3t \\ 2 \sin 3t & -\sin 3t + 3 \cos 3t \end{bmatrix},$$

$$(b) \frac{1}{3} \begin{bmatrix} \sin 3s + 3 \cos 3s & -5 \sin 3s \\ 2 \sin 3s & -\sin 3s + 3 \cos 3s \end{bmatrix},$$

$$(c) \frac{1}{3} \begin{bmatrix} \sin 3(t-s) + 3 \cos 3(t-s) & -5 \sin 3(t-s) \\ 2 \sin 3(t-s) & -\sin 3(t-s) + 3 \cos 3(t-s)t \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$7. x(t) = 5e^{(t-2)} - 3e^{-(t-2)}, y(t) = 5e^{(t-2)} - e^{-(t-2)}.$$

$$8. x(t) = 2e^{(t-1)} - 1, y(t) = 2e^{(t-1)} - 1.$$

$$9. x(t) = k_3 e^t + 3k_4 e^{-t}, y(t) = k_3 e^t + k_4 e^{-t}.$$

$$10. x(t) = k_3 e^t + 3k_4 e^{-t} - 1, y(t) = k_3 e^t + k_4 e^{-t} - 1.$$

$$11. x(t) = \cos 2t - (1/6) \sin 2t + (1/3) \sin t.$$

$$12. x(t) = t^4/24 + (5/4)t^2 - (2/3)t + 3/8.$$

$$13. x(t) = (4/9) e^{2t} + (5/9) e^{-1t} - (1/3) t e^{-1t}$$

$$14. x(t) = -8 \cos t - 6 \sin t + 8 + 6t, \\ y(t) = 4 \cos t - 2 \sin t - 3.$$

Section 8.5

4. First show that

$$\begin{aligned} & \Phi^T(t_1, t_0) \left[\int_{t_0}^{t_1} \Phi(t_1, s) \Phi^T(t_1, s) ds \right]^{-1} \Phi(t_1, t_0) \\ &= \left[\Phi(t_0, t_1) \int_{t_0}^{t_1} \Phi(t_1, s) \Phi'(t_1, s) ds \Phi^T(t_0, t_1) \right]^{-1} \\ &= \left[\int_{t_0}^{t_1} \Phi(t_0, t_1) \Phi(t_1, s) [\Phi(t_0, t_1) \Phi(t_1, s)]^T ds \right]^{-1}. \end{aligned}$$

CHAPTER 9

Section 9.1

1. (a) The English alphabet: a, b, c, \dots, x, y, z . 26. $5/26$.
- (b) The 366 days designated by a 2008 Calendar, ranging from 1 January through 31 December. 366. $1/366$.
- (c) A list of all 43 United States Presidents. 43. $1/43$.
- (d) Same as (c). 43. $2/43$ (Grover Cleveland was both the 22nd and 24th President).
- (e) Regular deck of 52 cards. 52. $1/52$.
- (f) Pinochle deck of 48 cards. 48. $2/48$.
- (g) See Figure 9.1 of Chapter 9. 36. $1/36$.

- (h) Same as (g). (i) Same as (g). $5/36$.
 (j) Same as (g). $2/36$. (k) Same as (g). $18/36$.
 (l) Same as (g). $7/36$. (m) Same as (g). $5/36$.
 (n) Same as (g). $12/36$. (o) Same as (n).
 (p) Same as (g). 0.

2. The sample space would consist of all 216 possibilities, ranging from rolling a “3” to tossing an “18”.

3. 90. 4. 1950.

Section 9.2

1. (a) $8/52$. (b) $16/52$. (c) $28/52$.
 (d) $2/52$. (e) $28/52$. (f) $26/52$.
 (g) $39/52$. (h) $48/52$. (i) $36/52$.
 2. (a) $18/36$. (b) $15/36$. (c) $10/36$.
 (d) $30/36$. (e) $26/36$. (f) 1.
 3. (a) $108/216$. (b) $1/216$. (c) $1/216$.
 (d) $3/216$. (e) $3/216$. (f) 0.
 (g) $213/216$. (h) $210/216$. (i) $206/216$.
 4. 0.75. 5. 0.4.
 6. $P(A \cup B \cup C \cup D) = P(A) + P(B) + P(C) + P(D) - P(A \cap B) - P(A \cap C) - P(A \cap D) - P(B \cap C) - P(B \cap D) - P(C \cap D) + P(A \cap B \cap C) + P(A \cap B \cap D) + P(A \cap C \cap D) + P(B \cap C \cap D) - P(A \cap B \cap C \cap D)$.

Section 9.3

1. (a) 15. (b) 7. (c) 56. (d) 190.
 (e) 190. (f) 1. (g) 1. (h) 100.
 (i) 1000. (j) 1.
 2. 2,042,975. 3. 5005.
 4. (a) Approximately .372. (b) Approximately .104.
 (c) Approximately .135. (d) Approximately .969.
 (e) Approximately .767.

5. (a) $\binom{500}{123} (.65)^{123} (.35)^{377}$.

(b) $\binom{500}{485} (.65)^{485} (.35)^{15}$.

(c) $\binom{500}{497} (.65)^{497} (.35)^3 + \binom{500}{498} (.65)^{498} (.35)^2$
 $+ \binom{500}{499} (.65)^{499} (.35)^1 + \binom{500}{500} (.65)^{500} (.35)^0$.

(d) $1 - \binom{500}{498} (.65)^{498} (.35)^2 - \binom{500}{499} (.65)^{499} (.35)^1 - \binom{500}{500} (.65)^{500} (.35)^0$.

(e) $\binom{500}{100} (.65)^{100} (.35)^{400} + \binom{500}{200} (.65)^{200} (.35)^{300} + \binom{500}{300} (.65)^{300} (.35)^{200}$
 $+ \binom{500}{400} (.65)^{400} (.35)^{100} + \binom{500}{500} (.65)^{500} (.35)^0$.

6. Approximately .267.

7. Approximately .267.

Section 9.4

1. (a) There is a negative element in the second row.

(b) The first row does not add to 1.

(c) The third row does not add to 1.

(d) It is not a square matrix.

2. (a) If it is sunny today, there is a probability of .5 that it will be sunny tomorrow and a .5 probability that it will rain tomorrow. If it rains today, there is a .7 probability that it will be sunny tomorrow and a .3 chance that it will rain tomorrow.

(b) If a parking meter works today, there is a probability of .95 that it will work tomorrow with a .05 probability that it will not work tomorrow. If the parking meter is inoperative today, there is a probability of .02 that it will be fixed tomorrow and a .98 probability that it will not be fixed tomorrow.

(c) Any scenario has a “50–50” chance at any stage.

(d) What is “good” stays “good”; what is “bad” stays “bad”.

(e) What is “good” today is “bad” tomorrow; what is “bad” today is “good” tomorrow.

- (f) See Example 2 in Section 9.4 and use Tinker, Evers, and Chance for Moe, Curly, and Larry and instead of visiting or staying home use “borrowing a car” or “not borrowing a car”.
3. Clearly if we raise either matrix to any power, we obtain the original matrix.
4. The even powers produce $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ and the odd powers give back the original matrix. And situation repeats itself after an even number of time periods.
5. $p_{11}^{(2)} = 0.4$, $p_{21}^{(2)} = 0.15$, $p_{12}^{(3)} = 0.7$, $p_{22}^{(3)} = 0.825$.
6. (a) $\begin{bmatrix} .7 & .3 \\ .4 & .6 \end{bmatrix}$
- (b) Approximately 0.5725.
- (c) Approximately 0.5717.

CHAPTER 10

Section 10.1

1. 11, 5. 2. 8, 4. 3. -50, 74. 4. 63, 205.
5. 64, 68. 6. 6, 5. 7. 26, 24. 8. -30, 38.
9. $5/6$, $7/18$. 10. $5/\sqrt{6}$, 1. 11. $7/24$, $1/3$. 12. 0, 1400.
13. 2, 3. 14. 1, 1. 15. -19, 147. 16. $-1/5$, $1/5$.
17. undefined, 6. 18. $\begin{bmatrix} 3/5 \\ 4/5 \end{bmatrix}$. 19. $\begin{bmatrix} 4/\sqrt{41} \\ -5/\sqrt{41} \end{bmatrix}$. 20. $\begin{bmatrix} 7/\sqrt{58} & 3/\sqrt{58} \end{bmatrix}$.
21. $\begin{bmatrix} -4/\sqrt{34} \\ 3/\sqrt{34} \\ -3/\sqrt{34} \end{bmatrix}$. 22. $\begin{bmatrix} 3/\sqrt{17} \\ -2/\sqrt{17} \\ -2/\sqrt{17} \end{bmatrix}$. 23. $\begin{bmatrix} 2/\sqrt{21} & 4/\sqrt{21} & 1/\sqrt{21} \end{bmatrix}$.
24. $\begin{bmatrix} 4/\sqrt{197} \\ -6/\sqrt{197} \\ -9/\sqrt{197} \\ 8/\sqrt{197} \end{bmatrix}$. 25. $\begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{55} & 2/\sqrt{55} & -3\sqrt{55} & 4/\sqrt{55} & -5/\sqrt{55} \end{bmatrix}$.
26. $\begin{bmatrix} -3/\sqrt{259} & 8/\sqrt{259} & 11/\sqrt{259} & -4/\sqrt{259} & 7/\sqrt{259} \end{bmatrix}$.
27. No vector \mathbf{x} exists. 28. Yes, see Problem 12.
33. $\|\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{y}\|^2 = \langle \mathbf{x} + \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{x} + \mathbf{y} \rangle = \langle \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x} \rangle + 2\langle \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y} \rangle + \langle \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{y} \rangle$
 $= \|\mathbf{x}\|^2 + 2\langle \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y} \rangle + \|\mathbf{y}\|^2$.
34. Show that $\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\|^2 = \|\mathbf{x}\|^2 - 2\langle \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y} \rangle + \|\mathbf{y}\|^2$, and then use Problem 33.

37. Note that $\langle \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y} \rangle \leq |\langle \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y} \rangle|$. 38. $\langle \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y} \rangle = \det(\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{y})$.

40. 145

41. 27.

42. 32.

Section 10.2

1. \mathbf{x} and \mathbf{y} , \mathbf{x} and \mathbf{u} , \mathbf{y} and \mathbf{v} , \mathbf{u} and \mathbf{v} .

2. \mathbf{x} and \mathbf{z} , \mathbf{x} and \mathbf{u} , \mathbf{y} and \mathbf{u} , \mathbf{z} and \mathbf{u} , \mathbf{y} and \mathbf{v} . 3. $-20/3$.

4. -4 .

5. 0.5 .

6. $x = -3y$.

7. $x = 1$, $y = -2$. 8. $x = y = -z$. 9. $x = y = -z$; $z = \pm 1/\sqrt{3}$.

$$10. \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{5} \\ 2/\sqrt{5} \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2/\sqrt{5} \\ -1/\sqrt{5} \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$11. \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} \\ 1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1/\sqrt{2} \\ 1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$12. \begin{bmatrix} 3/\sqrt{13} \\ -2/\sqrt{13} \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2/\sqrt{13} \\ 3/\sqrt{13} \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$13. \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{6} \\ 2/\sqrt{6} \\ 1/\sqrt{6} \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{3} \\ -1/\sqrt{3} \\ 1/\sqrt{3} \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1/\sqrt{2} \\ 0 \\ 1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$14. \begin{bmatrix} 2/\sqrt{5} \\ 1/\sqrt{5} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -2/\sqrt{45} \\ 4/\sqrt{45} \\ 5/\sqrt{45} \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1/3 \\ -2/3 \\ 2/3 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$15. \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} \\ 1/\sqrt{2} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{3} \\ -1/\sqrt{3} \\ 1/\sqrt{3} \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1/\sqrt{6} \\ 1/\sqrt{6} \\ 2/\sqrt{6} \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$16. \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 3/5 \\ 4/5 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3/5 \\ 16/25 \\ -12/25 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 4/5 \\ -12/25 \\ 9/25 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$17. \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1/\sqrt{3} \\ 1/\sqrt{3} \\ 1/\sqrt{3} \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3/\sqrt{15} \\ -2/\sqrt{15} \\ 1/\sqrt{15} \\ 1/\sqrt{15} \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3/\sqrt{35} \\ 3/\sqrt{35} \\ -4/\sqrt{35} \\ 1/\sqrt{35} \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{7} \\ 1/\sqrt{7} \\ 1/\sqrt{7} \\ -2/\sqrt{7} \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$18. \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} \\ 1/\sqrt{2} \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1/\sqrt{6} \\ 1/\sqrt{6} \\ -2/\sqrt{6} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{3} \\ -1/\sqrt{3} \\ -1/\sqrt{3} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$23. \|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\|^2 = \langle \mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y} \rangle = \|\mathbf{x}\|^2 - 2\langle \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y} \rangle + \|\mathbf{y}\|^2.$$

$$24. \|\mathbf{s}\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{t}\mathbf{y}\|^2 = \langle \mathbf{s}\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{t}\mathbf{y}, \mathbf{s}\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{t}\mathbf{y} \rangle = \|\mathbf{s}\mathbf{x}\|^2 - 2st\langle \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y} \rangle + \|\mathbf{t}\mathbf{y}\|^2.$$

25. I. 26. Set $\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{x}$ and use Property (I1) of Section 10.1.

28. Denote the columns of \mathbf{A} as $\mathbf{A}_1, \mathbf{A}_2, \dots, \mathbf{A}_n$, and the elements of \mathbf{y} as y_1, y_2, \dots, y_n , respectively. Then, $\mathbf{A}\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{A}_1 y_1 + \mathbf{A}_2 y_2 + \dots + \mathbf{A}_n y_n$ and $\langle \mathbf{A}\mathbf{y}, \mathbf{p} \rangle = y_1 \langle \mathbf{A}_1, \mathbf{p} \rangle + y_2 \langle \mathbf{A}_2, \mathbf{p} \rangle + \dots + y_n \langle \mathbf{A}_n, \mathbf{p} \rangle$.

Section 10.3

1. (a) $\theta = 36.9^\circ$, (b) $\begin{bmatrix} 1.6 \\ 0.8 \end{bmatrix}$, (c) $\begin{bmatrix} -0.6 \\ 1.2 \end{bmatrix}$.
2. (a) $\theta = 14.0^\circ$, (b) $\begin{bmatrix} 0.7059 \\ 1.1765 \end{bmatrix}$, (c) $\begin{bmatrix} 0.2941 \\ -0.1765 \end{bmatrix}$.
3. (a) $\theta = 78.7^\circ$, (b) $\begin{bmatrix} 0.5 \\ 0.5 \end{bmatrix}$, (c) $\begin{bmatrix} 2.5 \\ -2.5 \end{bmatrix}$.
4. (a) $\theta = 90^\circ$, (b) $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$, (c) $\begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$.
5. (a) $\theta = 118.5^\circ$, (b) $\begin{bmatrix} -0.7529 \\ -3.3882 \end{bmatrix}$, (c) $\begin{bmatrix} -6.2471 \\ 1.3882 \end{bmatrix}$.
6. (a) $\theta = 50.8^\circ$, (b) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$, (c) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$.
7. (a) $\theta = 19.5^\circ$, (b) $\begin{bmatrix} 8/9 \\ 8/9 \\ 4/9 \end{bmatrix}$, (c) $\begin{bmatrix} 1/9 \\ 1/9 \\ -4/9 \end{bmatrix}$.
8. (a) $\theta = 17.7^\circ$, (b) $\begin{bmatrix} 1.2963 \\ 3.2407 \\ 3.2407 \end{bmatrix}$, (c) $\begin{bmatrix} -1.2963 \\ -0.2407 \\ 0.7593 \end{bmatrix}$.
9. (a) $\theta = 48.2^\circ$, (b) $\begin{bmatrix} 2/3 \\ 2/3 \\ 2/3 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$, (c) $\begin{bmatrix} -2/3 \\ 1/3 \\ 1/3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$.
10. (a) $\theta = 121.4^\circ$, (b) $\begin{bmatrix} -7/6 \\ 7/3 \\ 0 \\ 7/6 \end{bmatrix}$, (c) $\begin{bmatrix} 13/6 \\ -1/3 \\ 3 \\ 17/6 \end{bmatrix}$.
11. $\begin{bmatrix} 0.4472 & 0.8944 \\ 0.8944 & -0.4472 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2.2361 & 1.7889 \\ 0.0000 & 1.3416 \end{bmatrix}$.
12. $\begin{bmatrix} 0.7071 & -0.7071 \\ 0.7071 & 0.7071 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1.4142 & 5.6569 \\ 0.0000 & 1.4142 \end{bmatrix}$.
13. $\begin{bmatrix} 0.8321 & 0.5547 \\ -0.5547 & 0.8321 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3.6056 & 0.8321 \\ 0.0000 & 4.1603 \end{bmatrix}$.

$$14. \begin{bmatrix} 0.3333 & 0.8085 \\ 0.6667 & 0.1617 \\ 0.6667 & -0.5659 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3.0000 & 2.6667 \\ 0.0000 & 1.3744 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$15. \begin{bmatrix} 0.3015 & -0.2752 \\ 0.3015 & -0.8808 \\ 0.9045 & 0.3853 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3.3166 & 4.8242 \\ 0.0000 & 1.6514 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$16. \begin{bmatrix} 0.7746 & 0.4034 \\ -0.5164 & 0.5714 \\ 0.2582 & 0.4706 \\ -0.2582 & 0.5378 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3.8730 & 0.2582 \\ 0.0000 & 1.9833 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$17. \begin{bmatrix} 0.8944 & -0.2981 & 0.3333 \\ 0.4472 & 0.5963 & -0.6667 \\ 0.0000 & 0.7454 & 0.6667 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2.2361 & 0.4472 & 1.7889 \\ 0.0000 & 1.3416 & 0.8944 \\ 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 2.0000 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$18. \begin{bmatrix} 0.7071 & 0.5774 & -0.4082 \\ 0.7071 & -0.5774 & 0.4082 \\ 0.0000 & 0.5774 & 0.8165 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1.4142 & 1.4142 & 2.8284 \\ 0.0000 & 1.7321 & 0.5774 \\ 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.8165 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$19. \begin{bmatrix} 0.00 & 0.60 & 0.80 \\ 0.60 & 0.64 & -0.48 \\ 0.80 & -0.48 & 0.36 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 3 & 7 \\ 0 & 5 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$20. \begin{bmatrix} 0.0000 & 0.7746 & 0.5071 \\ 0.5774 & -0.5164 & 0.5071 \\ 0.5774 & 0.2582 & -0.6761 \\ 0.5774 & 0.2582 & 0.1690 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1.7321 & 1.1547 & 1.1547 \\ 0.0000 & 1.2910 & 0.5164 \\ 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 1.1832 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$21. \begin{bmatrix} 0.7071 & -0.4082 & 0.5774 \\ 0.7071 & 0.4082 & -0.5774 \\ 0.0000 & -0.8165 & -0.5774 \\ 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1.4142 & 0.7071 & 0.7071 \\ 0.0000 & 1.2247 & 0.4082 \\ 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 1.1547 \end{bmatrix}.$$

24. $\mathbf{QR} \neq \mathbf{A}$.

Section 10.4

1. $\mathbf{A}_1 = \mathbf{R}_0 \mathbf{Q}_0 + 7\mathbf{I}$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 19.3132 & -1.2945 & 0.0000 \\ 0.0000 & 7.0231 & -0.9967 \\ 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0811 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -0.3624 & 0.0756 & 0.9289 \\ 0.0000 & -0.9967 & 0.0811 \\ 0.9320 & 0.0294 & 0.3613 \end{bmatrix} \\ + 7 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.0000 & 2.7499 & 17.8357 \\ -0.9289 & -0.0293 & 0.2095 \\ 0.0756 & 0.0024 & 7.0293 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$2. \mathbf{A}_1 = \mathbf{R}_0 \mathbf{Q}_0 - 14\mathbf{I}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 24.3721 & -17.8483 & 3.8979 \\ 0.0000 & 8.4522 & -4.6650 \\ 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 3.6117 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0.6565 & -0.6250 & 0.4223 \\ -0.6975 & -0.2898 & 0.6553 \\ 0.2872 & 0.7248 & 0.6262 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-14 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 15.5690 & -7.2354 & 1.0373 \\ -7.2354 & -19.8307 & 2.6178 \\ 1.0373 & 2.6178 & -11.7383 \end{bmatrix}.$$

3. Shift by 4.

$$\mathbf{R}_0 = \begin{bmatrix} 4.1231 & -0.9701 & 0.0000 & 13.5820 \\ 0.0000 & 4.0073 & -0.9982 & -4.1982 \\ 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 4.0005 & 12.9509 \\ 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 3.3435 \end{bmatrix},$$

$$\mathbf{Q}_0 = \begin{bmatrix} -0.9701 & -0.2349 & -0.0586 & -0.0151 \\ 0.2425 & -0.9395 & -0.2344 & -0.0605 \\ 0.0000 & 0.2495 & -0.9376 & -0.2421 \\ 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.2500 & -0.9683 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$\mathbf{A}_1 = \mathbf{R}_0 \mathbf{Q}_0 + 4\mathbf{I} = \begin{bmatrix} -0.2353 & -0.0570 & 3.3809 & -13.1545 \\ 0.9719 & -0.0138 & -1.0529 & 4.0640 \\ 0.0000 & 0.9983 & 3.4864 & -13.5081 \\ 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.8358 & 0.7626 \end{bmatrix}.$$

4. 7.2077, $-0.1039 \pm 1.5769i$.

5. $-11, -22, 17$.

6. 2, 3, 9.

7. Method fails. $\mathbf{A}_0 - 7\mathbf{I}$ does not have linearly independent columns, so no QR-decomposition is possible.

8. 2, 2, 16.

9. 1, 3, 3.

10. $2, 3 \pm i$.

11. $1, \pm i$.

12. $\pm i, 2 \pm 3i$. 13. $3.1265 \pm 1.2638i, -2.6265 \pm 0.7590i$.

14. 0.0102, 0.8431, 3.8581, 30.887.

Section 10.5

1. $x = 2.225, y = 1.464$.

2. $x = 3.171, y = 2.286$.

3. $x = 9.879, y = 18.398$.

4. $x = -1.174, y = 8.105$.

5. $x = 1.512, y = 0.639, z = 0.945$.

6. $x = 7.845, y = 1.548, z = 5.190$.

7. $x = 81.003, y = 50.870, z = 38.801$.

8. $x = 2.818, y = -0.364, z = -1.364$.

9. 2 and 4.

10. (b) $y = 2.3x + 8.1$, (c) 21.9.

11. (b) $y = -2.6x + 54.4$, (c) 31 in week 9, 28 in week 10.

12. (b) $y = 0.27x + 10.24$, (c) 12.4.

$$13. m = \frac{N \sum_{i=1}^N x_i y_i - \sum_{i=1}^N x_i \sum_{i=1}^N y_i}{N \sum_{i=1}^N x_i^2 - \left(\sum_{i=1}^N x_i \right)^2}, c = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N y_i \sum_{i=1}^N x_i^2 - \sum_{i=1}^N x_i \sum_{i=1}^N x_i y_i}{N \sum_{i=1}^N x_i^2 - \left(\sum_{i=1}^N x_i \right)^2}.$$

If $N \sum_{i=1}^N x_i^2$ is near $\left(\sum_{i=1}^N x_i \right)^2$, then the denominator is near zero.

14. $\sum_{i=1}^N x'_i = 0$, so the denominator for m and c as suggested in Problem 13 is simply $N \sum_{i=1}^N (x'_i)^2$.

15. $y = 2.3x' + 15$. 16. $y = -2.6x' + 42.9$.

17. (a) $y = -0.198x' + 21.18$, (b) Year 2000 is coded as $x' = 30$; $y(30) = 15.2$.

$$23. \mathbf{E} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.841 \\ 0.210 \\ -2.312 \end{bmatrix}, \quad 24. \mathbf{E} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.160 \\ 0.069 \\ -0.042 \\ -0.173 \end{bmatrix}.$$

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